

ESTABLISHED JAN. 21, 1837.

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, FEB. 6, 1886.

PRICE \$1.50 A YEAR.

COOSA VALLEY DISTRICT.

from Surrounding Counties.

ST. CLAIR COUNTY.

H. Vandegrift, of Branchville, St. Clair county, is brought to court by the Cullman

quarterly meeting of the St. Clair circuit will be held at the first Sunday in February.

Asburyville lectures the Branchville people for wanting a

Springville refuses to take a

Richard Holmes died near Springville recently.

McLaughlin, of Springville, recently lost a fine Jersey

Some families from Shoal creek, St. Clair county, left for Texas last

GLEBURNE COUNTY.

The boys of Edwardsville have organized a debating society.

Two white men and three negroes were convicted and sent to the chair from Gledburne county.

The Grand jury of Cleburne found thirty seven true bills.

The Grand jury of Cleburne made a model brief report making

more than four inches of printed matter. They find the jail not

sanitary point of view as it might

TALLADEGA COUNTY.

Mountain Home announces reference for Mr. Dawson as

between the candidates now out for Governor.

Mr. J. H. Ware has been called through the Mountain Home

to run for Representative in Tallade

Home wants the Internal Revenue laws repealed and so does

the REPUBLICAN.

Mr. J. H. Phillips and Miss E. C. Carter of Fayetteville were recently

married.

Dr. J. H. Vandiver boasts of an eight gallon cow.

Mrs. Elizabeth Nall, of Tallade

ded in the 67th year of her age recently.

TALLADEGA, Feb. 1.—Cotton seed

on the streets Saturday at ten

cents. The running price has been sixteen cents.

Saturday at Bergen's coaling

three miles from Tallade

gated. The latter wanted to marry

Cesar's daughter and called to see him on the subject. Cesar

told him that he was willing but

wished Drake to wait until the usual

preparations could be made. Drake

wasn't willing to wait and

the discussion over the matter Drake

shot his intended

in law. Cesar was rather

Mr. J. S. Walker and Miss Mary Webb, of Etowah, were recently

married.

Mr. George Garrett, of Lexington, Miss., has moved to Gadsden,

and purchased a half interest in the drug business of Dr. Joseph

Bevans.

Noah Hood, of near Etowah, shot a negro one day last week.

The darkey was thought to be crazy. While absent, Mr. Hood

went into his house and slipped his gun and pistol away for fear he

would use them on his family. The darkey became enraged, gar

thered his ax and went to Mr. Hood's residence, saying he would kill

him. As he entered the yard Hood ordered him to halt, but he

refused, and Mr. Hood shot him. At last report the darkey was liv

ing.—Gadsden News.

CHEROKEE COUNTY.

Wheat and oats generally killed in Cherokee county.

Prof. Burtons school at Howells Roads opened with 100 pupils.

The Jacksonville Republican is 50 years old. May its editor live

to celebrate its one hundredth anniversary.—Advertiser.

Wheat all right about Kirk's Grove.

Rev. W. H. Moon, a farmer on Terrapin creek who raises his own

grain and meat and is consequently doing well killed hogs this

year aggregating 4,900 pounds of meat.

Four prominent gentlemen of Cherokee have publicly declared

themselves candidates for Probate Judge—Judge R. R. Savage, Capt.

J. Millsaps, W. T. Henderson and S. G. Williamson.—Cherokee Ad

vertiser.

Hon. W. J. Harrolson is announced in the Centre papers of

the Ninth Judicial Circuit as a candidate for Circuit Judge. It

is supposed Judge Aiken, the present incumbent will run also.

HER ANSWER.

"I'm going to be married," she softly said. She looked up in swift surprise.

"The color from out of her bright face fled. The light shone dim in her eyes.

"You're going to be married?" she echoed low.

"Her voice had a steady tone. "I hope you'll be happy where you go. You cough had a little more."

"You never could love any other," she steadily looked in his eyes, dark blue. "I tender you my brother."

"I'm going to be married—that is, I hope to be, though I hardly know. Dear love, shall I longer pine and moan? I tremble for fear of no."

The color that out of her face had fled came back with a deeper hue. "Why, isn't it funny," she softly said. "That I'm to be married, too?"

Car Works sold.

The Anniston Car Works were sold yesterday at public outcry to

W. R. Tuttle, president of the Knoxville Iron Company for \$9,133.33.

Mr. Tuttle says a new organization will be effected and operations resumed as early as possible.

The advantages of Anniston as a manufacturing point is too well known for any comment at this time. The value of these

Card From General Pettus.

To the People of Alabama:

Col. N. H. R. Dawson was my partner and constant associate for

more than twenty years, and though our partnership was dissolved

two years ago, he is now my neighbor and friend; and, as it

is always a delicate matter for any gentleman to write or speak of his

personal qualities, I, without any intimation of a request from him,

take the liberty to write to you about him.

In 1861 a slanderous report was circulated by enemies of Captain

Dawson, imputing to him a want of soldierly bearing in the first battle

of Manassas, where he commanded a company in the Fourth Alabama

Regiment. Colonel W. M. Byrd and Colonel Thos. B. Wetmore, then of

Selma, knowing from their intimate association with Captain Dawson, that the

slanders were unfounded, wrote to their friends in the regiment

concerning the slander, and every officer and soldier in Capt. Dawson's

company, then with the regiment, and every commanding officer of every

company of the regiment, made full answers. Col. Jones was killed and

lieutenant colonel and major were badly wounded, and absent at their

homes. The answers were published in the Selma papers, and are below submitted to you. The

originals were preserved by Col. Byrd, and are now in my possession.

I also have in my possession personal letters, written (some to Col. Byrd, and others to Col. Wetmore,

by Capt. Porter King, Capt. Thomas J. Goldsby, Lieut. George D. Shortridge, Lieut. S. N. McCraw

and Lieut. John Cussions, officers of the regiment who were with Capt. Dawson throughout the

noble fight made by that regiment, and all state, in substance, that Col. Dawson bore himself on that

great day as a gallant officer, and a soldier of cool and determined

courage. There is another letter written by Rev. William D. Chadwick, chaplain of the

regiment, which is below submitted to you:—No man, who has any faith in

human evidence, could read these documents, and then give any

credence to the slander insinuated against this noble gentleman and

brave soldier.

So no prudent man may ask, Why publish the lie, by contradicting it? The answer is that it

has been industriously whispered from ear to ear, and this week it has

been insinuated in a public newspaper ostensibly for the purpose

of benefiting another gentleman. But I would be wanting in candor

if I did not say, that the gentleman for whose benefit this lie was in

vented, is an honorable man, and therefore incapable of desiring any benefit from any such

dishonorable means.

All this is respectfully submitted by a soldier, and on behalf of a brave soldier, to a just and gallant

people.

E. W. PETTUS.

Selma, January 30th, 1885.

Following the above are publications of certificates from Col. Dawson's old company, officers of

the Regiment and others, not only denying the report at that time

A DARK DEED.

SUCCESSFUL ATTEMPT AT SELF-DESTRUCTION.

Jesse Holcombe, a Farmer Living Near North Place, Was Found Tuesday Morning Hanging to a Tree.

Columbian Bureau of Liberty.

On the morning of the 26, at about 6 o'clock, the body of Mr. Jesse Holcombe was found by his family hanging to a tree near his

house.

The family live about three miles from this city, and they say that he had for some time past expressed a wish to die, and threatened to take his own life upon several occasions. But upon the night previous to his death, he expressed himself as feeling better than for

some time past.

And when he arose on the fatal morning, he and his son went out to attend to the stock; his son was attending to the oxen, and he walked a hundred yards from his house to feed some hogs. This was before daylight. In the course of half an hour breakfast was announced, and the family assembled around the table, but the father was nowhere to be found, and his son was sent to call him, which he did, but could receive no response. He then returned to the house and all ate breakfast, after which a search was commenced for the father. In a few moments his lifeless body was found dangling from the branches of a tree.

A coroner's jury was summoned and an inquest held, and after thoroughly investigating the affair they rendered a verdict that the deceased came to his death by hanging at his own hands.

Mr. Holcombe was about sixty-eight years of age, and leaves several children to mourn his death.

KILLED BY A TREE.

A Fatal Accident Near Valley Head Yesterday.

Chattanooga Times.

News was received in the city last night of the shocking death which befell Col. Vance Larmer, a prominent citizen of DeKalb county, Ala., yesterday morning.

He resided with his family near Prices switch, just below Valley Head on the Alabama Great Southern railroad. Yesterday morning

Col. Larmer was superintending a force of hands who were clearing a woodland. He was accompanied by his son Oscar. A huge oak was being hewn down, and as it toppled, he saw it fall toward him; he attempted to escape, but stumbled and fell, and the huge tree struck him in the head breaking his neck. He was about 65 years of age, and very prominent in that locality.

After a Prolonged Struggle.

In 1864 I contracted blood poisoning. Since that time I have suffered tortures from an affection of the skin, rheumatism, and ulcerating sores. During those long years of disease I underwent treatment at the hands of leading physicians in Norwich, Hartford, Providence, Boston and Chicago. Failing to get relief at one place I would go to another, but met with the same treatment and effect everywhere. The quantities of mercury and potash I have taken have not only done me no good, but I believe it has done much harm. I have been taking S. S. S. six weeks, and it is hard to believe my own feelings, though the fact that it has done more for me in that short time than all other medicines have in twenty years is plain and undeniable. Six weeks ago I was a total wreck, without hope. Now that I have taken fourteen bottles of S. S. S. my rheumatism is among the things of the past, and the scars only show that I was diseased. When I began taking Swift's Specific there was a large eating ulcer over my right eye which alarmed me greatly, and no one who saw it thought I would ever get well. Like the other it is gone, and I thank God for the creation of the Swift Specific Co., and their great remedy.

D. K. W. BRIGGS.

Brooklyn, N. Y.

Nov. 18, 1885.

For sale by all druggists.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga. New York, 157 W. 23d St.

Lost a Leg.

A negro train hand on the Georgia Pacific road had his leg crushed by a train backing over him at Bynum's, night before last, he was brought to Anniston early yesterday morning and had his leg amputated by Dr. Huger.—Anniston Watchman.

Administer Shiner's Indian Vermifuge according to the directions. In the morning is the best time to take it.

STATE NEWS.

FROM ALL PARTS OF ALABAMA.

It is reported that work on two blast furnaces in Tallade

ga will commence on the first of February.

The Georgia Pacific railroad hauls seven hundred tons of coal per day from the mines in Walker county.

The Selma Times refuses to have an opinion of its own in regard to the place of holding the next state convention.

Editor White, of the Moulton Advertiser, says he will pay any woman, who has intelligence and beauty combined, a handsome salary to edit his paper for him.

The News, of Coffee county, says: Prohibition is making a full sway throughout the state. It is predicted that in less than five years Mobile will be the only place in the state that liquor will be sold.

The dwelling of J. H. Presswood, three miles from Lebanon, on Sand Mountain, DeKalb, together with all its contents, was burned Monday night. The family were spending the night at the house of a neighbor, only a short distance away, and saw the flames but not in time to save anything except some cotton, which was stored in one end of the house.

Salvador Sutton, agent for Miller, Caldwell & Flowers, of Boling, is missing, and his whereabouts is now a matter of some concern to that firm. One of the members of the firm will visit Atlanta to look into the affairs of the missing agent. Mrs. Sutton and family, having gone to Senola to her family, having abandoned at least for the present all hope of finding her missing husband.

There are five applicants for postmaster of Enterprise.

The five drinking saloons of Eufula, have paid, as license, \$2,000 into the city treasury.

The oat crops in Wilcox county have all been killed by cold weather and will have to be replanted.

A Huntsville young man told some Huntsville girls, the other day, that Sir Walter Raleigh was his favorite poet.

The Pineapple Enterprise, of Wilcox county, says the farmers of that locality are experiencing no trouble in getting all the farm labor they want.

The mayor of Montgomery has summoned a public meeting for to-morrow, Saturday, to organize an association for the distribution of charities in the city.

The governor has reappointed Hon. H. M. Sommerville, of Tuscaloosa, and Dr. J. J. Dement, of Huntsville, on the board of trustees of the state lunatic asylum.

In a big bird hunt last week in Bollock county, Mr. J. F. Comer bagged seventy-one partridges, up to 3 o'clock, p. m., in one day, which entitles him to the champion belt of Bollock county.

The jury in the case of W. Rothrock vs. the municipality of Selma, in which Rothrock sued for \$10,000 sustained by falling in a ditch on the night of December 24th, 1884, at which time no street lamps were lighted, gave a verdict for the plaintiff in the sum of \$1,500.

The Choctaw, Butler county, Herald, says there have been more hogs killed in that county during this winter than in any one year for fifteen years. The farmers, as a general thing, made plenty of corn to enable them to push their hogs, consequently the supply of provisions, including moccasins, is greater than usual heretofore.

The amount of western meat now reaching and being sold in this market is simply enormous. It really looks like a live, full grown hog in this section would be a curiosity, and yet as fine porkers have been slaughtered and sold in this market during the present season as were ever raised in the west.—Eufula Times.

A brutal attack was made by Ben Hays, colored, on his wife at Decatur Monday evening. He struck her two heavy blows on the side, rupturing her liver. The probabilities are that she will die of the injuries. Ben fled and the marshal has not been able to capture him. Much indignation prevails, and many threats have been made in case he is caught.

The Methodist church at Tuskegee is almost completed.

The Warrior bridge, at Tuscaloosa took in \$4,700 as toll money in 1885.

Three little negro children were burned to death in a house on the farm of Mr. E. M. Anderson, in Russell county, Monday last.

The Union Springs Herald says: "A visiting young lady of this city

went out hunting one day last week and made the remarkable record of killing two birds out of every three shots. She modestly declines to have her name mentioned.

On the 14th day of July, 1881, a colored man in Gadsden, Ala., registered a letter at that place to a person in Columbiana, and on the 14th day of this month the letter was returned to the writer it having been four years and six months since it was forwarded.—La Fayette Sun.

Hon. John D. Weeden seems to be perfectly at home in his new field of labor, in the law school of the university. We hear nothing but words of the highest commendation from the university people and the law students as to his standing as a gentleman and teacher out there.—Tuscaloosa Times.

A paper is soon to be started at Russellville.

The Scottsboro Herald wants John Perkin, of Marshall, for the successor of the late Senator Ir Foster.

Hon. John N. Malone, incumbent, announces himself a candidate for Probate Judge of Limestone county.

Miles W. Moody is announced as a Democratic candidate for Probate Judge of Jackson county; John J. Beason is announced as a Democratic candidate for Circuit Court Clerk.

Dr. Westmoreland and Hector Lane arrived here from Texas last week, bringing with them seventy Texas mares. The best Texas stock ever brought to this market.—Athens Courier.

Hon. Solomon Palmer, State Superintendent of Education, states that poll taxes are being paid more promptly this winter than ever before. This certainly speaks well for Alabama.

Hon. John M. Martin has introduced bills appropriating \$200,000 for the erection of public buildings at Birmingham and to open public lands for homestead entry.—Scottsboro Citizen.

Rev. Geo. W. Crutcher, late an itinerant preacher of the North Alabama Conference, M. E. Church, South, has severed his connection with that religious denomination and joined the Cumberland Presbyterian church.—Decatur News.

Land may receive a top dressing at any time during the winter, when the ground is not so soft as to forbid hauling over it. The garden, the grain field, and many of the pasture fields, would be greatly benefited by a coat of manure applied this month.—North Alabamian.

Capt. Keller's Jersey cow "Clover" dropped her fourth heifer calf on 15th inst. She will not be five years old until 3d of May next, and if she lives out her expectancy, as the insurance men say, and continues to produce heifers, she will leave quite a fortune behind her.—North Alabamian.

The Huntsville Independent says: We learn of a horrible death, a few days ago, from hydrophobia, of Mrs. Lee, wife of Miles Lee, in Sharp's Cave, near Mayville, in this county. She was ill for six days from the bite by a mad dog. During her last hours she had the most terrible spasms, at intervals of about four minutes. Our informant, a most reliable gentleman, says that he never witnessed such awful agony in all his life.

George Feate, who undertook to commit suicide by cutting his throat, while confined in the Huntsville jail on the charge of being accessory to the murder and burning of an old man near that city, has been released. The grand jury was convinced he had nothing to do with the affair. Seward, now in jail charged with this crime, has been indicted for murder.

The Escambia Times, of Brewton, says: One day last week three young ladies while walking the Peddler trestle, near Wilson, Alabama, heard a train approaching and while endeavoring to make across one of the party, Miss Minnie Harrington, missed her footing and fell a distance of twenty feet. We learn she is slowly recovering.

In Alabama there are 146 registered fruit distillers, four grain distillers, one brewery, two rectifying establishments and thirty six cigar factories. At present there is not one dealer in leaf tobacco in the state. The one brewery is owned and operated by Mr. Schilling, at Birmingham. It is not definitely known how many illicit distilleries there are in the state. Information on this subject is not yet made public.

The newspaper writers who are rustling to Dr. Anson West's defense for writing a business letter to a New York paper, proposing to advertise a book in said paper, are wasting time, ink and paper.

Mr. West did nothing mean or out of the ordinary channels of such business matters in what he wrote or what he wished accomplished; and had he not been a preacher, nothing of his letter to the Independent would ever have been known by the public. The Independent, however, did a very mean thing when it made public a private letter of a business character like Dr. West's and said paper should be held up for the contempt of every right minded man.—Decatur News.

Mr. James Daly, agent of the Western railway at Nottasuga, while attempting to board the passenger train Sunday morning, fell and the cars ran over and crushed one of his feet.

It is not generally known that Lee county has a German colony near Youngsboro. M. ssrs. Rickett & Keefer, who have large families, have recently arrived and will at once plant large vineyards. They say that quite a colony will follow them soon.

These "dark horses" are not always fleet-footed and sure winners, but they nevertheless always hide out in the bushes at political conventions, and their friends never fail to have them well groomed for a short spurt in an emergency, when honors are easy. No man in the world can foretell the result of a political convention any more than he can foretell the verdict of a jury. But that "dark horses" are possible, even

The Republican.

FEBRUARY 6, 1886.

Sammy and his young man are still clamoring for a new jail.

The Alabama Mineral Land Co. paid for taxes in Calhoun the past year seven hundred and thirty-seven dollars and twenty cents, on the lands the Company own in the county.

The Hot Blast needn't trouble itself about where the tax money goes in this county. It has never paid any of it. Its chief owner is not a "stalwart" when it comes to paying taxes on anything.

We present another letter from a farmer this week of Choccolocco valley. He tells his brethren some plain things. The farmers know best whether they are true or not. We shall be glad to publish other letters of moderate length on the subject. No harm can grow out of the discussion and some good may.

Sammy Noble and his man don't appear to know when they have got enough. The fact that the paper has "changed hands" (that is from Sammy's right hand to his left hand) has not improved either its style or its manners. It still harps on the same old string. Its last issue has the usual supply of flapping, in which an attempt is made to hold the editor of the REPUBLICAN responsible for pretty much everything that has happened of late years, including the recent cold spell and consequent bad roads. Well, go on Sammy, if you don't believe there is any hereafter. We are not suffering, and our subscription list is increasing right straight along.

The advice of the Hot Blast is: Brand President Cleveland, traitor, and kick him out of the Democratic party. Let the South and West arise and dethrone the usurper. * * * Down and out with the wretch. —Sam Noble's Hot Blast.

There is nothing strange about the above when it is understood that the Hot Blast is mainly owned by a lot of fellows who bolted to the Radical party in the last Presidential election and did their level best to elect James G. Blaine to the presidency over Mr. Cleveland. Still, we would advise that somebody hold Sammy's young man. We don't want to see any more Giteau business in this country. Apply a wet towel to his head. That may help some.

We make no charge against contractor Patton. It was perfectly right for him to get work whenever and wherever he could. We attach all the blame to the ring and to the "Commissioners' Court" as now constituted. Our fight is against THEM. —Aniston Hot Blast.

This reminds us of a story. Years before the war, when John Robinson's circus used to come to Jacksonville regularly, it just as regularly had a big fight before it got away. Certain parties in the county seemed to regard it as a religious duty to whip old John Robinson and his men, if they could, every time the circus came. On one occasion the show was held on the public square. After it closed, as everybody expected, the fight opened, and sticks, rocks and knives were freely used. John Robinson engaged in the fight and was putting it into a man who lived over about White Plains pretty lively. Col. —, one of the best old citizens of the town and a very peaceable man, not at all built for fighting, witnessed the fight from his store as long as he could stand it and then sallied forth and joined the fray. He ran up to John Robinson and struck him behind the ear. No sooner had he done so than he realized how wrong he had acted in his excitement, and he returned to his store much humbled in spirit. After the fight was over he sought John Robinson and said to him, "Mr. Robinson, I come to apologize to you, sir."

"What for?" said Robinson. "In the heat of the fight just over, I saw you strike a friend of mine, and in a moment, carried away by passion, I ran out from my store and rushed up to you and struck you a powerful blow under your right ear. I am sorry I did it, and it is for this I wish to apologize."

John Robinson surveyed the frail and diminutive person of the good old merchant for a moment and then, in his blindest manner, said:

"My dear sir, no apology necessary. If you had not told me of it, I should never have known that you struck me at all."

As a matter of justice to Col. Dawson, of Dallas, who is a candidate for Governor, we print, on the outside of this paper, a card from Gen. Pettus to the people of Alabama, in which, he refutes a slander respecting Col. Dawson, which, though completely disproved over twenty years ago, when first circulated, is again being whispered, with the hope, no doubt, that it may impair his standing before the people of Alabama and defeat him for the position to which he aspires. We are quite sure, from what we know personally of all the gentlemen, that not one of Col. Dawson's opponents for the Governorship approves such method of campaign warfare, and they, no doubt, despise the men responsible for the revival of the calumny as heartily as does the most enthusiastic of Col. Dawson's friends. Such methods usually benefit the party whom the intention is to injure. In this case it has afforded Col. Dawson's friends an opportunity to tell the country that he was not only a Confederate soldier but a gallant one as well.

In a case this week in Circuit Court here, where a man was indicted for selling liquor contrary to the prohibition law for this county, the point was made that the law was null and void, because the result of the election had not been published full thirty days after the election in all the newspapers of the county, as required by the act. It was shown that the advertisement of the Probate Judge, giving notice of the result was published five times in the REPUBLICAN and Cross Plains Post, but only four times in the Oxford News, no other papers being published in the county at that time. As to the publications in the REPUBLICAN and Post there was no question, as they undoubtedly did publish the advertisement thirty days, but counsel for the defendant held that the publication four times in the News did not constitute a thirty day publication as contemplated by the law. Judge Box held that it did, and to this ruling an exception was taken, and the case will go to the Supreme Court.

Some of the newspapers of the county are making an unnecessary fuss over a recent resolution of the County Medical Society in regard to that part of their code of ethics which forbids members advertising in the newspapers. The State Society allow the publication of cards merely by physicians announcing the town of their residence, number of street &c., but goes no further. The County Medical Society went further and embraced the publication of cards as well as other advertising matter, and also requested the newspapers of the county, in publishing statements of remarkable cases both in medicine and surgery, to refrain from mentioning the name of the physician connected with the same. We see no objection to this, if the doctors so wish. Certainly they are competent to determine what they want as regards the conduct of their profession, and it strikes us that the interference of the county press is impertinent. The editors would not allow the doctors to suggest to them as to how they should conduct their newspapers. Do as you would be done by.

LETTER FROM CONTRACTOR PATTON.

The following letter was sent the REPUBLICAN January 20th by Mr. Patton, with statement that he had sent same to the Hot Blast, and with request to publish it, if that paper did not do so within reasonable time. After two weeks the Hot Blast disclaims charging Mr. Patton with employing convicts on the Court house work, but does not publish the letter, because, we presume, it shows that nearly all the labor employed on it is Calhoun county labor. Something the Hot Blast has denied and made a fuss about. We are informed that Mr. Patton tried to buy the brick at the Tallapoosa brick works and other points in the county and could not get a sufficient quantity of the same sort at any one place, a fact that Mr. Patton does not mention in his letter. The attempt of the Hot Blast to excite prejudice in this direction is a very small act of a very small man. Below is Mr. Patton's letter.

ROME, GA., Jan. 20th, 1886.

Ed. Hot Blast—Some reader of your valuable paper sent me a copy bearing date of Jan. 16th, 1886 with the following statement marked: "Employing a Georgia contractor and a Georgia Chain-

gang to build in hot haste a court house &c."

The contractor cares nothing about what you say of him personally, but it is very unkind (to give it the mildest term possible) to speak of the gentlemen who are so unfortunate as to be in his employ as members of the "Georgia chain-gang."

A public journalist should acquaint himself with facts before he enters into a matter and then confine himself to facts.

The writer does not believe that you want to do injustice to any one and especially to honest mechanics and laborers whose only crime (if as the Hot Blast says they are Georgia convicts) is that they are laboring men.

The contractor is by adoption a Georgian having been here 5 years. But is that so serious an objection that the Commissioners should not give him a contract? and if the Commissioners are to be condemned for employing a Georgian, will the Hot Blast refuse a Georgia advertisement and tell its patrons they must not buy anything outside of Aniston? The editor of the Hot Blast is more liberal than that. His mind surely is not circumscribed to the narrow limits of the State of Alabama.

But as to the "chain-gang." There is not a Georgian at work on the court house at Jacksonville, Ala. The foreman Mr. James Kimbrell was born and raised in Calhoun county. The foreman on the brick work, Mr. Fitzpatrick, is a New Yorker. One of the bricklayers is from Colorado, two come to the work from Kansas city, and the other three are Alabamians. The carpenters all live in Calhoun county, and the 10 or 15 laborers also live in Calhoun county. The lumber is being sawed in Calhoun county. The lime is being brought at Calera. What is the offense of the contractor and his employees that they need be brought into a petty wrangle between the Hot Blast and the Republican?

The contractor never saw the editor of the Republican or one of the Commissioners and but one citizen of Jacksonville (Mr. C. D. Martin) in his life until he went there in response to a public notice in the paper (not to Alabamians alone) to make an estimate on the work; and since he was awarded the contract has not spoken a dozen times to the editor of the Republican.

Being a Georgian and my employees being now out of the Georgia chain-gang, we would take it as a kindness if we are left out of the little petty fight the Hot Blast is having with the Republican?

By publishing this you will partly undo the unkindness done the gentlemen unnecessarily assailed.

Yours, with respect,
JOE B. PATTON,
Contractor.

LETTER FROM A FARMER.

Choccolocco, Ala., Feb. 3, 1886.
MR. EDITOR:—Seeing communications in your valuable paper from White Plains and Cross Plains farmers, I will, by your permission, write a few lines on some of the points suggested by them.

I agree with W. of White Plains "that we are, or should be a selling people instead of a buying people." And I think one of the main causes why we are not, is on account of our thriftlessness. We, as a class of people, work less than any other class. You take the merchant and he works nearly every day in the year and through the fall late at night, and he sticks close to his business. Look at the mechanic, he has to put in all of the time that he can get employment, and then lives hard. Look at our printers, they work hard all of the year and if they take a week's vacation at Christmas, we grumble about our paper not coming that week, and the printers claim to live very, yes, very, hard indeed, or at least that is what they say, when they dun us for money.

We'll let us look at the farmers. How many farmers have worked 5 days with all of the hands on his place during January? Very few in my neighborhood. Well we will work one-half, say, of Feb., three-fourths of March and April, nearly all of May, June and July. You all know it is entirely too hot to work in August and until the middle of September. We gather our crops in October, November and the middle of December. Of course, you know we have to go to town all of the wet days and days that we can't plow we are loafing. Now let us sum up the time we work through the year, which is about 7 1/2 months. We actually throw away 5 1/2 months. Is not this so? Now if there is any farmer that doubts this, let him keep every day that all his hands lose through the year, and he will find that they will lose more time. We, like W. and H. A. T., think we should have a meeting to consult on certain points and especially the fence law and to discuss the interest of the farmers in general.

I disagree with H. A. T., of Cross Plains, about the merchants oppressing the farmers. We oppress ourselves. The merchant is compelled to charge from 25 to 75 per cent. to make any money, because there are so many farmers that fall behind from 1 to 4 with their merchants, and some that fall so far behind they pay the merchant in full by going to a new country between sunset and sunrise.

You look at the merchants of the county, and I venture the assertion that one-half of them are in a worse condition than they were 12 months ago.

Now let the farmers pay all of their debts by Nov. 1st and then we can get credit from 10 to 25 per cent.

But the best way is to live hard, work hard every day through the remainder of this year, and then pay in advance for all our supplies for the year 1887.

Do not let us run down our best friends, the merchants. And let us keep posted by reading our county paper and the Southern Cultivator & Dixie Farmer. And by all means pay the hungry editors. I will close for fear I reach the waste basket.

A FARMER.

Death of Ex-Chancellor Graham.

Special to the Advertiser.

TUSKEGEE, Feb. 1.—Ex-Chancellor N. S. Graham died at his home here at 8 o'clock this morning after an illness of two weeks, in the sixty-eighth year of his life. He had been in remarkably good health for a man of his years, and erect in bearing and well preserved in appearance, and until his sudden attack some two weeks since, enjoyed the full vigor of mature manhood. Since first stricken with disease he has been critically ill, and though his condition at times has been much improved, death had set its impress upon him and soon claimed him for its own. He remained perfectly conscious up to the last breath of life, and met death with that degree of courage that has always been characteristic of the man. He was a man of exceeding positive manner, firm in his convictions, in his faith, in his principles. His eminent abilities and fitness for public trust have long since been recognized by the people, and various positions within their gift have been at times bestowed upon him. He resigned the Chancellorship of the Eastern Chancery division some months since, after serving honorably and well for nearly twelve years. Of spotless integrity and unsullied character, he lived a good life, fought a good fight and died with honors thick upon him.

His remains will be interred in the cemetery here at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning, and the sad news of his rather sudden demise will, to his numerous friends throughout the State of Alabama, afford a source of most profound regret.

The chaingang system operated by the Board of Commissioners of roads and revenue for Floyd county is a good model upon which to form a system of road working by the State convicts. The citizens of Georgia would realize a much more substantial benefit from work which our convicts could do on the roads than they do from the sums received from lessees. The opposition of free labor to convict competition is natural and just. The criminal should be so managed as to make some sort of reparation to the people whose life, liberty or property he has injured. We invite the attention of legislators to the pike roads of Floyd. —Rome Bulletin.

What the Post Thinks.

The Jacksonville Republican is one of the oldest, liveliest and best journals in the State. The citizens of the county are giving it an earnest support and well they may. It has long contended for the rights of Calhoun county. When local contention arises, of course, you may expect it to be with Jacksonville. Otherwise, it would be an enemy to its best interest. —Cross Plains Post.

Jacksonville Bakery.

The undersigned has a
First-Class Baker,
who is engaged every day in turning out bread, cake, pastry etc., at the bakery south-west side of public square. Goods always fresh, and palatable. I am willing for the public to compare his work with that of any other baker in the town. "If by their fruits ye shall know them." Don't buy before seeing my goods. Orders for all kinds of entertainments promptly filled.
F. M. DAVIS.

Fifty Thousand Dollars to Loan.

In sums of \$2500 and upwards at better rates than has been heretofore extended by us or by the banks.

For smaller loans old rates prevail.
We make no loans outside of Calhoun and Cleburne.

STEVENSON & GRANT,
Jan 30th Jacksonville, Ala.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve
THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Itches, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.
For sale by Wm. Mc Nisbet, may 2-1y.

A CARD.
To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of memory, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, quick as a flash. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send in self-addressed envelope to the Rev. J. B. T. McMAN, Station D, New York City. July 18-1y.

A Good Place to Rent.
The undersigned will rent the old Stevenson place, two miles south of Jacksonville, for the year 1886, on good terms. Good house, good stables, splendid water and fine fences. Sixty to seventy acres of first-class land open for cultivation. Apply to Jan 9-3t
H. L. STEVENSON.

GRAND RALLY AT PORTER, MARTIN & CO'S

We have on hand a supply of Groceries, such as Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Raisins, Apples, Potatoes, Sausage, all kinds of canned goods, pure Vinegar, and a large lot of fine French Candy for the

Girls and Young Ladies.

Apples, Oranges, and many other things that are good to eat, and don't believe it come and see for yourself. Also Hardware, Pocket Knives, Razors, Saws, Bells, Shovels, Spades, Forks, Plows, Hammers, Chains, Horse and Mule Shoes, Iron in any shape. Also a good Lamp from a small cheap lamp to the celebrated Electric Burner, and full line of

Lamp Fixtures and Wicks.

Also Glassware and Crockery. We will sell several brands of cheap Guano this season. Remember our specialty is stock feed. We want trade of the town and surrounding community and we guarantee satisfaction. We will deliver goods to the amount of \$1 or over to any place in incorporation. Send us your orders and we will do our best to please you.

Porter, Martin & Co.

Brick Store, S. W. Cor. Public Square.

PEERLESS COTTON SEED, EARLY, CLUSTER, PROLIFIC

Bolls from the ground to the top. Yields Wonderfully. Mature Early. The best cotton for this climate and soil. Sold by

E. W. TEAGUE

Oxford, Ala., Jan. 30-1m

J. T. NUNNELLY. J. J. SKELTON.

NUNNELLY & SKELTON, UNDERTAKERS

Will keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Coffins, Caskets, Burial Robes &c. Prompt attention will be given to all orders. Business East side of public square, Jacksonville, Ala. sept 19-1t
NUNNELLY & SKELTON

ROWAN, DEAN & CO

Brick Corner, S. W. Side of Public Square,

JACKSONVILLE, - - - - - ALABAMA

Just received and coming by every day's freight the

Largest, Completest and Handsome

Stock of Goods in our line ever brought to this market. Our entire have been for some days employed opening these goods and our stores present a most

Charming Appearance.

We keep everything this country needs or will call for. This is where you can always find what you want. Advances made to farmers we also

SELL FOR CASH

and, for the spot money, can give as good or better bargains than any in North-east Alabama. If you don't believe it call and price our goods.

SPECIAL TO THE LADIES

The ladies of Calhoun are especially invited to call and examine our stock of Ladies' Jerseys, New Market Cloaks, Walking Jackets, &c. Lines of prints and dresses goods of every description. These goods selected by our Mr. W. H. DEAN, in New York, specially for this store and we are satisfied will please.

WE OFFER BARGAINS.

JUST RECEIVE

The fullest, finest and cheapest stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY &c., we have handled.

BARGAINS.

In every line of goods. Stock fresh and of the very latest styles. Dry Goods department. Highest market price paid for cotton. Don't give us a bid on your cotton.

FINE LOT OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING RECEIVE

ORDERS TAKEN AND SUITS MADE TO ORDER ON SHORT NOTICE

REMEMBER THE PLACE

CROW BROS,

Brick Corner, N. E. Side Public Square

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of a Mortgage executed to C. Martin by N. T. Scott, and recorded on page 520 in book "19" 2nd vol. of records of Mortgages, in the office of the Probate Judge of Calhoun county, I, as agent of C. Martin, will proceed to sell on the 20th day of February 1886, on the premises in said county, for cash, between the legal property to-wit: A part of SW 1/4 of NE 1/4 of Sec. 10, T. 16, R. 7, (10) ten acres more or less, due south of Mary E. Scott's parcel of land. Also two acres in the NW 1/4 of SE 1/4, commencing at 280 yards, thence east 35 yards. Also 2 cows and one calf, white and black, five years old each, and one sorrel horse nine years old named Reddy, Jan 16-1t
E. M. REID, Agt.

Mortgage Sale

Under and by virtue of a Mortgage executed to C. Martin & S. J. M. & P. A. Wilkerson, and recorded on page 35 of book "19" 2nd vol. of records of Mortgages, in the office of the Probate Judge of Calhoun county, I, as agent of the Martin & Son, will proceed the 18th day of February 1886, premises, for cash, between the legal estate to-wit: The SE 1/4 of Section 26, T. 15, R. 7, Calhoun county, containing nine and 65-100 acres. Jan 10-1t
E. M. REID

H. F. Montgomery

NOTARY PUBLIC & EX-GRAT

Jacksonville, Ala.

Court second and fourth Monday month.

B. G. McCLELEN,

County - - - Surveyor,

Alexandria, Ala.

COOSA VALLEY DISTRICT.

News from Surrounding Counties.

CHEROKEE COUNTY.

S. L. Russell, of Cherokee County, wants to see it made a penal colony. He also wants to see it made a penal colony.

Mr. W. P. Hughes, of Cherokee, while returning from Rome, was taken suddenly sick and died in a short time after reaching home.

Sheriff Vandiver of Cherokee has captured Julius Ward, who was captured near Howell's. Ward is now in jail at Rome. He refused to talk with reporters of the Rome papers about his case, further than to claim that he could make a good showing at the proper time. Ward is the man who while going to Rome in a wagon, was shot by a team of Crawford's run away. The two men had an altercation and Ward killed Crawford. A mob was talked of when he was first captured but nothing came of it.

Mrs. Cumby, an old resident of Cherokee county, died near Round Mountain one day last week. She had attained the age of probably seventy-five years, and leaves many friends to mourn her departure for a better land.

Mr. A. H. Ellis of Floyd county, Ga., and Miss Mattie N. Chapman, near Forney, Cherokee county, were married recently.

The schools of Cherokee are flourishing. The News reports the Mount Vernon High School at nearly one hundred students, the school at Gaylesville nearly as many, and the schools at Spring Garden, Rock Run, and other points in very fine condition.

CLATSOP COUNTY.

The attendance at Edwardsville High School numbers sixty pupils.

Mr. W. H. Howle has been appointed postmaster of Edwardsville.

Mr. Charles L. Earnest and Miss Nancy Underwood were married in Edwardsville recently. Also, near Hefflin, Mr. J. P. Bridwell, of Atlanta, and Frances Tolleson, of Clatsop.

The Standard boast that Edwardsville pays higher prices for cotton than Hefflin does.

Hon. W. R. Barker, has moved from Edwardsville to a farm and will be farming this year.

The school house and church building at the court ground of Hefflin in Clatsop was recently burned.

Mrs. W. P. Howell and Mrs. E. T. Davidson of Oak Level have been very sick.

The Oak Level school has a daily attendance of about thirty.

Wheat about Oak Level not materially damaged by the late freeze.

TALLADEGA COUNTY.

Measles are prevalent about Hefflin.

The court expenses of Talladega amounted to \$3,512.15.

The Talladega Home wants a suit in that town next fall.

Stock raising is profitable in Talladega county.

The city council of Talladega have been planting shade trees.

Mr. J. Hightower has bought a large tract of timbered land two miles from Riverside and will erect a large saw mill.

Mr. J. F. Dumas has settled in Talladega and his settlement there has added twenty three people to the population of Talladega.

The farmers of Talladega county will cultivate tobacco largely this year.

A colored girl nine years old was buried at death at the John Turner place, three miles from Talladega, recently.

Miss Flora Henderson a daughter of Judge John Henderson of Talladega, was married in Denver City, Colorado, to Dr. F. L. Ingersoll of Denver, January 27th.

ST. CLAIR COUNTY.

The new Mayor of Springville has not had a single case before him yet—town very peaceable.

The first quarterly conference of the Asheville conference will convene at Springville the first Saturday and Sunday in February.

Some of the citizens of Springville have recently made sale of their ore lands.

Married, on the 17th inst., John B. Palmer and Miss Lottie White, at the residence of the bride's mother, near Trussville, by Rev. A. O. Hambricht.

Farmers about Springville lost their fall oats and late rains have much interfered with the sowing of Spring oats.

The Springville Mail and Asheville Aegis are both opposed to the stay law asked by the citizens of St. Clair about Branchville.

ETOWAH COUNTY.

The Etowah grand jury returned 39 true bills.

The grand jury of Etowah recommend the working of county convicts on the public roads. Sensible grand jury.

The Probate Judge of Etowah recently refused Jno. B. Moragne, of Attalla license to sell liquor because he had not given sufficient notice of his intention.

The Gadsden papers continue to publish parties who move off without paying subscription accounts.

The postmasters convention recently assembled at Gadsden elected Danl. Liddell, the Gadsden postmaster delegate to the National postmasters' convention to be held in Chicago the 15th.

The city council of Gadsden, after trial, have accepted the Gadsden Waterworks.

Mrs. E. H. Simpson, formerly of Gadsden, died in Birmingham the 23th ult.

Maj. Jas. G. Blount has moved back to Etowah on his Coosa river farm.

W. H. Wilson has been employed by the Gadsden Iron Company to look after their timber and wood interests at Hoke's Bluff.

Judge Spratt of Livingston held court last week in Gadsden and Judge Box is holding it this week, he having exchanged with Judge Aiken.

The Gadsden Waterworks company will establish an ice factory in Gadsden.

Mr. F. M. Nabors and Miss M. F. McElathery were recently married near Gadsden; also, near Attalla, Mr. C. W. Grant and Miss Jessie Copeland.

John Waters, of Etowah, aged 75, died the 28th ult.

No sensible man should or ever does get angry because a newspaper man duns him for money. A dun is not an impeachment of a subscriber's integrity, but is simply an outcropping of the publisher's necessities. For instance, a thousand men owe a man from one to two dollars each. He has to dun them all in order to pay his expenses. Instead of getting angry and stopping the paper because the publisher asks what is honestly due, the subscribers should thank him for waiting on him so patiently, and pay up like a man.—*Lafayette Sun.*

Huntsville Mercury: "The most pitiable condition in life is to perform a duty that seems indispensable to mankind, and yet suffer for it. The cotton planters of the South have made the world rich while they remained poor. They have, indirectly, fed and clothed millions of operatives in Europe and America, but have barely fed and clothed themselves. How much longer they will consent to occupy their unenviable position with themselves. They must either reduce the cost of the production of cotton or curtail the planting."

Miss Mollie Phillips of New York married in 1860, when 17 years old; but her husband was killed in one of the first battles of the war. In 1863 she married again, but this husband was destroyed five months after by a boat explosion. In 1865 she married a preacher, who died in 1867. Two years later she married the 4th time, but her husband deserted her, and died in 1873. Married again in 1876, her fifth husband was drowned in 1878. Two or three years ago she married No. 6 and died a few weeks ago, at the age of 42, her last husband surviving her. A pretty good record ain't it?

A Captain's Fortunate Discovery.

Capt. Coleman, schr. Weymouth, plying between Atlantic City and N. Y., had been troubled with a cough so that he was unable to sleep, and was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It not only gave him instant relief, but allayed the extreme soreness in his breast. His children were similarly affected and a single dose had the same happy effect. Dr. King's New Discovery is now the standard remedy in the Coleman household and on board the schooner.

Free Trial Bottles of this Standard Remedy at W. M. Nisbet's Drug Store.

Mothers should remember, in the absence of their physician, that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral promptly relieves the croup.

LETTER FROM UTAH TERRITORY.

UTAH VALLEY.

Mr. Editor:—After being on the road for exactly three weeks, my wife and I arrived here on the evening of the 28th inst. We left Oxford, Ala., on the morning of the 24th, while a drizzling rain was falling. When we reached Plainville, Ga., we found it snowing and by the time we arrived at Cleveland, Tenn., the ground was covered with snow to the depth of several inches and snow was still falling. We made close connections and but for the snow blockade of the Union Pacific R. R. in Kansas, we would have reached our destination ten days sooner. At Brookville, Kan., we were delayed two days, and at Ellis, 100 miles further west, we stayed five days. For fifty miles or more the snow had drifted over the road for a depth of from 3 to 30 feet. In some of the cuts the cattle had collected to escape the storm and were snowed under and perished. Hence it was impossible to do anything there with snow plows. The road gave us two meals a day while we were blockaded, but we had to pay room rent at the hotels. When we left Ellis it took four mule engines to pull the baggage and mail, three to draw the passenger coaches, and two to pull the sleeping cars. There were about 400 passengers, and 4 or 5 tons of mail. When we reached Denver there was a whoop that rent the air that betokened the joy of escape from the long confinement at Ellis. We found a train waiting for us at Denver and we soon arrived at Cheyenne, Wyoming. At Denver several newspaper reporters were on the lookout for news from the blockade and captured some of our number. From Cheyenne we came on to Green River City. There we left the railroad and after resting a day and a half we started on our perilous journey to the Agency, 155 miles to the south. It would consume a long while to tell you of all the little episodes, some of them thrilling in the extreme, that occurred on this part of our trip. Forty-five miles we made in a covered wagon, 40 miles in a two wheel cart, and 70 miles in sleighs. We saw many curiosities on the way, among them a herd of 15 or 20 five deer, antelope, eagles, wolves, coyotes, prairie chickens, prairie dogs, &c. We arrived at the agency safe and at once assumed charge of the Physicians department. The Indians seemed glad to see me, as the former doctor had left several weeks before and they had been without a doctor some time. I will find time to tell you something of my surroundings in a short while. So far I am well pleased.

B. DUDLEY WILLIAMS.

Shipped in the Bud.

For eleven years I have suffered from a cancerous sore on my throat. At times it became very angry in appearance, discharging large quantities of matter and giving me intense pain. I used the ordinary household remedies only, and it would dry up and a scab would form over it, then it would increase in size again and trouble me greatly, and finally break and discharge freely. Thus for years it has been annoying me. A cancer doctor in Atlanta decided it was a cancer, and wanted to cut it out. I could not muster courage to let him use the knife on my throat. About that time I saw the advertisement of Swift's Specific, and the statement of some one suffering like myself. I determined to try it, and in May, 1884, I commenced its use. My general health began to improve from the first. I was unable to eat anything scarcely, and became quite feeble; and my appetite increased, and I can eat anything now. The sore has healed up and I am in perfect health. The only sign is a small red spot about the size of a pea, but it gives me no pain. Am sure that a few bottles more will even remove that. It has done more for me than all other remedies used.

EMMA L. ROBINSON.

Gordon, Ga., Dec. 16, 1885.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

The Swift Specific Co., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga. New York, 157 W. 23d St.

STEALING A LOVER.

"There, darling, sit down by the fire and let me take your things off. Albert will be here this evening, and I have so much to tell you first."

Agnes Tressilian looked very beautiful in the soft glitter of the silver candleabra and the ruddy glow of the fire, as Barbarene Cliffe untied her bonnet strings and unloosed the clasps of her cloak. Her face was a pure, perfect oval, with blue, languid eyes, and lips of fresh, vivid scarlet, and her hair fell in a shining shower of gold from the fillet of blue ribbon that she wore.

Barbarene Cliffe was what is ordinarily termed a pretty girl, but Barbarene looked plain and coarse, with her fresh cheeks and hazel-brown eyes, by the side of this blonde sylph.

"Who would have thought, darling," went on Barbarene, pressing the soft, dimpled hand in hers, as Agnes sat smiling before the fire, "that I should so soon have claimed your part of our old school girl compact of being each other's bridesmaids. I hope you will like him, Agnes—I don't believe you can help it—and I am sure you will admire him."

She prattled away in the innocent fullness of her girl heart as she led Miss Tressilian up to the dainty-casket of a little room provided for her, and Agnes listened, smiling and radiant as a saint.

"Well, Barbarene, has she come?"

"It was the first question that Albert Vining asked when his betrothed wife came tripping across the parlor threshold to meet him. Barbarene nodded brightly.

"Isn't he so sorry?"

"Albert?" she rejoined, almost inclined to be vexed.

"But we have been so happy together, all by ourselves, Rina; and now this third one comes to spoil it all."

"You will like her so much, Albert," she pleaded.

"Shall I?" He shrugged his shoulders a little dubiously. "Well, for your sake, Rina, I'll try."

Barbarene Cliffe smiled triumphantly to see the unconscious start of admiration that Mr. Vining gave when the parlor door swung open and Miss Tressilian glided in, robed in a dress of white cashmere with a blue velvet band twisted through her hair—rose-cheeked, golden-tressed and beautiful as a dream.

"I knew he would admire her," thought unselfish little Barbarene, "and oh! I am so glad!"

There was no more question of Miss Tressilian's being "a third one" after this. How gracefully she harmonized with all their plans—how prettily she gave her sympathy on whichever side it was pleaded for. Barbarene was happier than ever—and Mr. Vining was happy? Yes, in a sort of dream, or fever, or exaltation—something so different from all he had previously known that he scarcely knew by what name to call it.

Agnes Tressilian went away after a month's visit to her old school friend, and Mr. Vining escorted her to her home among the Catskill hills, at Barbarene's especial request.

"She is too beautiful to travel alone," said the bride-elect, "and I shall feel easier if you come back and tell me you saw her safe home."

"What a whimsical little woman you are, Barbarene," said Mr. Vining, but he obeyed, nevertheless.

"He will be back to-morrow," thought Barbarene, as she sat down to her embroidery, singing to herself and counting the days to her wedding. Only twenty-seven of them now! But when the morning came the servant brought in a note at the hour she had expected. A note that blanched Barbarene's peach blossom of a cheek, and sent a keen stab to her poor little tender heart as if a knife had cleft its way through the quivering flesh.

He had left her to transfer his recent allegiance to Agnes Tressilian—that was the upshot of it all. He did not love her any longer, since beautiful Agnes Tressilian's face had dawned upon his life.

And Agnes! She had accepted him—she lied, was false to the ideal of friendship poor, simple little Barbarene had worshipped so blindly.

"I will go to her," she thought, rising suddenly, with her sweet face as pale as a moonlight snow-drift. "I will have the truth from Agnes' own lips. Else I never, never can believe it."

Miss Tressilian had not expected ever again to see the face of the girl she had so wickedly wronged. She had thought Barbarene Cliffe would suffer unremotely and in silence—but she had misjudged matters in this respect. Barbarene could give up her life

hope without a struggle.

"It isn't my fault," said Agnes Tressilian, with a toss of the sherry, golden tangles, "that Albert loves me better than he does you. You ought not to blame me."

"Agnes! Agnes!" wailed the broken hearted girl, putting up her trembling hands as if she would ward something away from her, "fascination was never on one side alone! You dare not deny that you have stolen his heart away from me!"

No, Agnes Tressilian dare not deny it. She colored, bit her lips and sent a glittering, arrowy ray from her lovely blue eyes that was half malice and half triumph.

"At any rate he is mine now," said she exultingly. "In this world of love the race is to the swift and the battle is to the strong! I am sorry you take it so much to heart, Barbarene Cliffe—but love will not be controlled nor will it be driven!"

Barbarene rose quietly. "I forgive you, Agnes," she said gently. "The time may come when you will be glad to remember that."

"I don't want your forgiveness," dashed back the blonde beauty. "I will not have it!"

So Agnes Tressilian was married to Albert Vining, the loveliest bride that ever the sun shone on, and Barbarene hid away her broken heart, covering it up with the sweet memories which were all that she had to dwell on now.

"It was a little shabby to poor Barbarene Cliffe," said Mrs. Vining, tossing back the yellow curls from her alabaster brow; "but I was so much better suited to Albert than ever she could be. It will be a great deal more sensible for all parties in the long run!"

"Humph!" said old Mrs. Gregory, Agnes' aunt; "how would you like it for some other woman to put in a claim for Albert on the ground that she was better suited than you to his particular needs and requirements?"

"But we are married!" said Agnes, looking alarmed.

"Marriage isn't always such a safe guard as some people seem to think," said Mrs. Gregory, and she took snuff and plunged into her book again.

She met Barbara Cliffe sometimes in the years that followed—now in what the world calls society, where people meet to compare their diamonds, envy each other's Paris dresses, and talk with those they never cared two straws about—but in the peaceful shadow of the sick rooms, where patient sufferers lay waiting for the great tide of eternity to float them away—in dreary parlors when Mrs. Vining went to scold dress-makers and hurry up pale sewing girls.

"A regular sister of charity!" said Agnes, scornfully. "Barbarene was just made for that sort of a thing."

So it happened that Barbarene Cliffe had occasion to go to her beautiful rival's handsome home one day to read for an overworked seamstress to whom Mrs. Vining owed money—"a mere trifle," she called it, but to Ruth Morris it was far more than that, and Antoinette the French maid, showed her directly to "madam's own room."

But Barbarene stopped on the threshold appalled. Angles lay with her face buried among the soft cushions, and lace scarf torn away from her shoulders, the diamonds sparkling like scattered dew all over the floor, and her lovely yellow hair tangled and disheveled.

"Anges, are you ill?"

Mrs. Vining sat up, ghastly pale with a wild, hysterical laugh.

"Look here!" she cried, holding up a sheet of crumpled paper. "Oh, Barbarene, you are avenged at last!"

Yes she was avenged. Albert Vining had stricken her down to the very ground with the same cruel blow he had dealt poor Barbarene years ago, only keener and more sharp in that he was her husband.

He had left her forever for some fairer and fresher beauty, who cared for his fascinating ways and tender voice more than all else the world had beside of fame or honor. He had left her!

Barbarene knelt down and took the poor drooping head tenderly upon her breast.

"I thought you would exult over me," sobbed Agnes. "I thought you would be glad!"

"Did I not tell you then that I forgave you Agnes?"

"Yes—but—but I have deserved this Barbarene. I have filled the cup for myself and now I drink it to the dregs."

And Barbarene, tender and pitiful, as she was, felt that it was true. And she was avenged.

City vs. Town Papers.

The man who prefers a city weekly paper to a town paper because "it's got more readin' in it," says an exchange, reminds us of a countryman who picked out the largest pair of boots in the box because they cost no more than a smaller pair that fit him.

THE LOFFLAND CASE.

UNEXPECTED DISCLOSURES IN THIS SALACIOUS SCANDAL.

The Wife-Traced, So the Husband Says, to the Home of a Merchant at Fort Payne and He is Bound Over for Harboring Her—Other Details.

Special to Chattanooga Times.

Last night the following dispatch was received by the Times from D. D. Loffland, the injured husband whose sensational domestic difficulties are familiar to our readers:

Fort PAYNE, Ala., Feb. 4.—G. W. Killian, a prominent merchant of this place, was handed over to Circuit Court today, on the charge of harboring Mrs. Loffland. The citizens of this county are notified not to keep her concealed.

This dispatch discloses a bit of secret history, which may not prove uninteresting to our readers. It will be remembered that Loffland spotted "Wilson," the young man who had won his wife's heart at Springfield, Mo., and arrested him there on the charge of larceny. The Times last week published a dispatch that Wilson had escaped. This dispatch was sent by Loffland himself, but later developments indicate that it was merely a blind and that he had the young man in custody all the time. From what can be learned Wilson was terror-stricken in Loffland's presence and was in dread that he would be murdered on sight. When he met the man whose home he had despoiled, he became a willing instrument in the hands of Loffland to accomplish any end he might desire. Loffland, it seems, cared more to recover his wife than punish Wilson and knew that with his assistance he could discover her whereabouts. He forced Wilson to accompany him back and had him secreted in this city for a day or two. Loffland finally succeeded in locating his wife in the vicinity of Fort Payne, Ala., and took Wilson with him as a snare to entrap her. The dispatch above published is all that is known of this last excursion, but indicates pretty clearly that he is on a fresh scent and the sick lady will soon be in his custody again.

It seems that the affair will yet lead to additional sensational results, particularly in reference to her escape from the Jackson county officials. There is pretty clear evidence that there has been bribery and corruption, and the matter will be sifted to the bottom.

D. D. Loffland has been in town the greater part of the week looking for his wife. He has had parties scouring the country far her night and day, but so far the search has been unsuccessful. The strangest part of the affair is that Loffland is accompanied by Wilson, and the two are on the best terms. It is said that Wilson agreed to help find the woman on condition of his own release. The matter has been discussed in every conceivable phase and feature until the public has become disgusted with the whole subject. It seems singular, to say the least, to see Loffland in daily and intimate companionship with the man who he claims, alienated his wife's affections and cloped with her. What ever sympathy was felt for Loffland is ebbing away, and the public is beginning to feel that honors are about evenly divided between all the principals to the affair. Yesterday Loffland had G. W. Killian of Brandon arrested, charging him with harboring Mrs. L., and aiding her to escape. Killian had a preliminary trial and was bound over in the sum of \$400.—*Fort Payne Journal Feb. 5th.*

HUMAN BUTCHERY.

A Man Literally Hacked to Pieces by Three Human Butchers.

Special to Chattanooga Times.

COLLINSVILLE, Ala., Feb. 6.—A very distressing affair occurred on Sand Mountain, in DeKalb county, the 4th inst. A man by the name of Fuller was assaulted by three brothers, named Amos, and although Fuller was a powerful man, he was immediately overcome by his assailants, one of whom had an axe, and the other two knives. The first stroke with the axe was struck in the back and entered the cavity, and then he was mangled in the most brutal manner. There were one hundred and five wounds inflicted with the axe and knives. Two of the brothers have been arrested and are now in jail, and a posse is in pursuit of the third.

Marion county's debts amount to \$2,000 and the Court of County Commissioners has levied a tax to liquidate the indebtedness.

To create an appetite, and give tone to the digestive apparatus, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is unequalled.

STATE NEWS.

FROM ALL PARTS OF ALABAMA.

J. M. Moore, of Bibb county, made seven hundred dollars on his little rice patch last year.

The Pike county jail is with out an inmate. Perhaps prohibition has something to do with this.

The population of Tuscaloosa has increased 100 since the establishment of public schools in that city.

Gin houses are still burning up. The Fayette Journal records one last week containing nine bales of cotton.

Last week, the Gadsden Lumber Co., received an order for 140,025 feet of lumber to be shipped to French ports. The company will fill the order if they can get the proper transportation.

Dr. W. B. Jones was robbed of \$275 at Hartsell a few days since. The theft was committed by a colored porter at the hotel, who has been committed to jail. About all the money was recovered.

More litigation has arisen over the Florence ordinance, prohibiting the sale of liquor within the city limits. Parties who some time since obtained by mandamus a license from the Probate Judge of Lauderdale, are seeking now, by the same proceeding, to secure the necessary license from the Mayor of Florence, the city prohibitory ordinance notwithstanding.

Pound for Pound Policy.

A Georgia exchange states the case plainly when it says farmers cannot pay a pound of cotton for a pound of meat, and come out even. It says farmers in its neighborhood do this and makes this calculation for their benefit. "Suppose the farmer wants one thousand pounds, he gives two bales of cotton, worth eight cents, eighty dollars. One thousand pounds of meat at five and a half cents cash, what it costs the merchant, amounts to \$55, leaving a profit to the merchant of \$25 on an investment of \$55. Suppose the cotton brings eight and a half cents, then the merchant makes a profit of \$30 on his \$55. It must be remembered also that the farmer uses the merchant's \$55 only nine months. Thirty dollars for the use of fifty-five only nine months! It must not be forgotten that it costs the farmer nearly as much to make the cotton as he gets for it. Can any man in any business live and pay such an interest? He can't do it, and anybody who thinks to the contrary is a fool, and ought to be in the asylum. Farmers can't afford to buy green meat at eight cents a pound and pay for it in cotton. They have tried it time and again, and they get poorer every year. Why not change the policy? Men all around you make an abundance of everything to eat, and cotton is their surplus—a money crop—unencumbered, and it is theirs when they get it. We have heard farmers say newspaper men know nothing about farming and should not advise them. Ever a school boy can figure and see how things stand."—*Advertiser.*

Borrowing Money to Make a Crop.

The Hayneville correspondent of the Mobile Register says very truly:

"It is no use denying the fact when a man pays more than 10 per cent. on money borrowed to make a crop he is rapidly consumed. He can make nothing for himself, and sooner or later the crash must come. To deliver one bale of cotton for every ten or fifteen dollars borrowed, and fifty cents storage, and 25 per cent. commissions for selling, and 5 per cent. interest, and to agree to deliver middling cotton or pay the difference if you don't, is hot, hot, hot. There is no use to deny this, and the farmer cannot stand it long. It is true that it is a contract and legitimate, but where will it end?"

Interesting Experiences.

Hiram Cameron, Furniture Dealer of Columbus, Ga., tells his experience thus: "For three years have tried every remedy on the market for Stomach and Kidney Disorders, but got no relief, until I used Electric Bitters. Took five bottles and am now cured, and think Electric Bitters the Best Blood Purifier in the world."—Major A. B. Reed, of West Liberty, Ky., used Electric Bitters for an old standing Kidney affection and says: "Nothing has ever done me so much good as Electric Bitters."

Sold at fifty cents a bottle by W. M. Nisbet.

The complexion is often destroyed by worms. It can

The Republican.

FEBRUARY 13, 1886.

The town of Seattle, Wyoming Territory, has had a big anti-Chinese riot in which several men were killed and wounded. The Governor of the Territory was at last forced to proclaim martial-law and call on the President for help to quell it.

A MODEL GRAND JURY REPORT.

The Grand Jury adjourned Friday. When the Grand Jury filed into the court room, Judge Aiken said:

"Gentlemen, do you wish to make a partial or final report?"

Foreman Elgin—"A final report, and we wish to be discharged."

Judge Aiken—"Very well, gentlemen, you are discharged with the thanks of the Court."

It has been the habit of Grand Juries to go into the domain of politics, religion, morals, art, science and pretty nearly everything else, and it is refreshing to find one that can content itself with saying that it has performed the duty for which it was created and asks to be discharged. We commend the report as a model for other grand juries.

BLAIR EDUCATIONAL BILL.

The Blair Educational Bill came up in the Senate the 8th and Senator Blair spoke in favor of it:

"It would appropriate for the first year, he said, seven millions, second year ten millions, third year fifteen millions, fourth year thirteen millions, fifth year eleven millions, sixth year nine millions, seventh year seven millions, eighth year five millions. The money was to be divided among the States and Territories in that proportion which the whole number of persons in each State or Territory, who being over ten years of age and unable to read or write, bear to the whole number of such persons in the United States. No State or Territory should participate in the benefits of the bill that did not provide the free common school system, but separate schools for white and colored children should not be considered a violation of this condition."

London has had a two days riot beginning Feb. 7th and ending Feb. 6th. Unemployed workingmen, communists and the roughs of the city were the chief participants. The mob held London at its mercy all day the 8th, and the police of the city were utterly powerless to cope with it. On the 9th the police made repeated assaults upon the mob but were foiled repeatedly, until late in the evening, when the police finally succeeded in dividing the mob and driving the rioters from Trafalgar square. The following dispatch will give our readers an idea of how the mob conducted itself:

LONDON, February 9.—Sparting, a socialist leader, in an interview in relation to the part taken by the socialists in the demonstrations yesterday, said that while he did not approve of the rioting, still he could not but rejoice at an event which tended to show that society was insecure. In regard to the stone throwing at the Carlton club, Sparting said that the members of that body had brought the attack upon themselves by appearing at the windows and laughing and jeering at the mob. In explanation of the rude treatment to which a lady had been subjected by the rioters he said her carriage had been stopped because the lady had been heard to order her coachman to "drive over those dogs." The mob, Mr. Sparting said, "selected and attacked shops which exhibited royal arms," but the fact is that the pillage and destruction were universal and indiscriminate. The house of Morley, the patronage secretary, was broken into and entered and over run by the mob. Its windows and furniture demolished, and notwithstanding Mr. Morley's personal protest, and efforts of the police to protect it, Morley's house was well known to the majority of the mob, having been occupied for many years by Mr. John Bright. One large jewelry store was robbed of several thousand pounds worth of valuable goods. Eating and drinking houses were cleaned out and the rioters consumed their stocks on the spot. Merchant tailor shops were broken into and clothing and rolls of cloth thrown in the street to be carried off by whoever possessed sufficient strength to defend himself from his fellows. Along all the streets traversed by the different factions of the mob destruction was complete, and after quiet was restored the police found ample employment in bringing to the police stations goods dropped by the mob or thrown away in wantonness. It has not been learned that any person was killed outright, notwithstanding that hundreds of people were beaten and mangled. Every policeman who showed himself was set upon and the rioters contented among themselves for the possession of spoils.

The Democratic State Executive Committee will meet in Montgomery the 24th inst., to fix a time for holding the State Convention.

The State Teachers' Association meets in Anniston early in July. The Executive Committee, composed of Prof. O. D. Smith, of Auburn, Prof. W. Y. Titcomb, of Anniston and Prof. W. W. Wilson, of Springville, will fix the exact date of the meeting and announce it between now and then.

It has been repeatedly stated that Gen. Forney was displaced from second position on the Appropriation Committee and put seventh on the list. This was a mere mistake of the reporters in telegraphing the Committee to the press. The Congressional Record shows Gen. Forney second on the Committee next to Mr. Randall, the same place he held last session.

An Interesting Case of Snake Bite.

JASPER, GA., Feb. 8th.—The condition of Mr. Silvester Sams, a well known citizen of this County, excites considerable interest. Two years ago Mr. Sams, while walking over his farm, was bitten by a rattlesnake. He immediately resorted to the native remedy, whisky, of which he took copious draughts. Nothing more was thought of the matter until six months ago, when Mr. Sams betrayed symptoms of St. Vitus' dance. He was never still, not even in his sleep, twitching his muscles and moving incessantly. Lately he has developed violent symptoms, and has beaten his wife and family, and in fact, all who came within his reach. He now acts like a man with a well defined case of rabies, only instead of barking he makes a rattling sound. He has been taken to the Canton jail, where a strong guard will be kept over him until the crisis of his case is reached.

The congressional situation in the sixth district is assuming a decidedly lively phase. Captain Martin's denial of any agreement on his part to retire after his first term, an account of which was wired yesterday's Dispatch, intensifies the interest in the coming canvass, and the prospects are that the race will be quite a spirited one. Excitement in the congressional canvass will hardly be confined to the sixth, as a great deal of quiet work is progressing in the other districts which will probably ripen into an exciting contest before the time of the various nominating conventions arrive. The country will never lack for material to represent its interests at Washington, and it may be put down as a reasonable certainty that the office of congressman will rarely, if ever, go a begging.

GEN. HANCOCK.

The death of Gen. Hancock is announced in this morning's dispatches. It matters little except in mortal suffering how such a man as Gen. Hancock may pass away. Among living men no purer or better remains. His was a noble and uniform character in public and private, in civil and military life.

As a military officer he respected the civil power, while no man had a higher regard for a soldier's honor and a soldier's duty. With more ambition Gen. Hancock might perhaps have risen higher in command, but he was contented to remain in a subordinate position and was always obedient to those superior to him in rank.

No name has ever disappeared from the muster rolls of his country and left on record a more spotless reputation. He was not the equal of some commanding officers in military genius, but no one ever doubted his honor, integrity, fidelity and patriotism. In passing away he leaves no cloud or blot upon his memory.—Selma Times.

Mr. Watterson's Illness.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 6.—Mr. Henry Watterson is still seriously ill at his residence in this city, to which he has been confined for the past few weeks. He contracted a violent cold at Columbus, where he went to speak the 8th of January, culminating in congestion of the kidneys. His present trouble is acute vertigo and insomnia. Dr. Roberts, his attending physician, thinks his strong constitution will prevail over these maladies.

Our town was startled on yesterday morning by the intelligence that Mrs. Francis Moss, wife of the late H. J. Y. Moss, had committed suicide by shooting herself with a gun. It seems that she attempted to commit the same act last Sunday by taking laudanum, but as she took too much her stomach would not retain it and she threw it off. She leaves two children—a son and daughter—and many relatives and friends to mourn her untimely death.—Choctaw Herald.

The Lowndes county democrats held their convention on Monday and made the following nominations: For probate judge, A. E. Caffee; for circuit clerk, J. C. Cooke; for representatives, A. H. Gibson and F. L. Olliv.

Alabama.

The fire fiend licked up property to the amount of \$14,000 in Montgomery Friday night. Mr. A. P. Tyson was the owner.

Subscriptions are being taken to start a new fire insurance company at Birmingham with a capital stock of \$200,000. Money to take \$85,000 worth of stock will come from Tuscaloosa.

The extensive mills of the Tuscaloosa Manufacturing Company at Cottondale have just made the purchase of a large lot of the latest improved looms and intermediate machinery, which will materially increase their already heavy product of the celebrated "Cottondale" and "Tuscaloosa" plaids. The weaving capacity of these looms is sixty yards per day, or about 25 per cent. more than the looms of older makes.

Only a few days ago Mr. Samuel Appling, who lives a few miles from town, found two large pieces of silver ore on his premises, one of which weighed a quarter of a pound, and the other was not so large. This ore was shown to competent judges and pronounced by them to be the finest quality of ore. A party of northern and Mobile men are prospecting above Coal valley. They are going to extend the Coal valley road four miles farther.—Fayette Journal.

HANCOCK.

General Winfield S. Hancock died at New York yesterday afternoon. His career is so well known to all the people we need not elaborate it here. His whole life has been spent in the army, and in his profession and as a semi-civil administrator, he won very high honor. Brave, calm, patient, far-sighted, equal to any emergency in which he was thrown—Hancock came near being a great man in many respects, if he did not actually achieve greatness. He was a stern patriot, who held the respect of his military enemies. He rose in rank without exciting envy of comrades and rivals. He was the idol of a great party and its candidate for the head of the Republic, without committing an impropriety in his capacity as military commander.

Hancock dies full of honors, though but little beyond the prime of his manhood, and will be sincerely and universally mourned by his countrymen of all opinions and creeds.—Chattanooga Times 9th inst.

A Fiendish Outrage in Ohio.

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 9.—A dispatch from Macedonia, Ohio, says, Charles Jenick, aged twenty-two, attempted to criminally assault the two daughters of his employer, John Hoar, a farmer, and failing, crushed in their skulls with an iron bar. Jenick then fired a barn destroying fifteen thousand dollars worth of property. Jenick is in jail at Akron.

Riot Reported in Georgia.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 9.—Rumors of a riot have reached here from Clayton county. Three men, two brothers named Venable and one named Dulin are reported to have been shot.

MATTERS GENERALLY.

The question now is whether to give Geronimo a halter or an annuity.

Clara Louise Kellogg enjoys the reputation of being a first-class cook.

James Gordon Bennett has bought in Paris two pictures of Millet for 117,090 francs.

It is said that more than a thousand New Yorkers are already booked to sail for Europe.

A young girl with a new engagement ring on her finger is apt to be uncomfortable in the belief that every body notices it.

Postmaster Dillon, of the house of representatives, says that 13,000 letters were delivered to congressmen in one day last week.

Major Nat Barbuck, the paragrapher of New Orleans Picayune, is a Maine man, who went to New Orleans on the staff of General Sheridan.

The amount which Prince Bismarck has offered the duke of Edinburgh to induce him to sell his rights to the duchy of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha is £100,000.

Of the one thousand students connected with Yale university only about seventy-five are actively engaged as members of the base ball teams and boat crews.

Senator Edmunds finds that where forty senators will accept an invitation to attend a circus not more than one or two can be depended upon to go to a caucus.

Senator Jones, of Florida, it is said, is spending his days somewhere in the west, laying sledge to the heart of a widow, or more correctly speaking to the hearts of two widows. One is said to possess \$1,000,000 in her own right, and the other \$6,000,000, but the senator is still undecided which to choose.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the effects of rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Ingham, Station D, New York City. 1-10-13-15.

Gen. David Hunter, who died in Washington a few days ago at the advanced age of 84, will be known in history as the vandal of the civil war. It was Hunter's command, during his memorable Shenandoah, Lynchburg and Kanawha raid that wantonly burned Gov. Letcher's home, and that of other prominent Virginians, and left the Military Institute, at Lexington, a mass of ruins. Had it not been for Hunter's vandalism in Virginia the confederates never would have destroyed Chambersburg, Penn. Hunter will also be remembered, and he was well fitted for such work, as the judge of the courts martial that tried and hung Mrs. Surratt and condemned Fitz John Porter.

Death of Hon. N. H. Rice.

FLORENCE, ALA., Feb. 8.—Hon. Neander H. Rice, ex-secretary of state of Alabama, died at his residence here last evening, aged about seventy-five years. The deceased has been failing in health for several months, and his death was not unexpected. His remains were interred in the Florence cemetery this afternoon with Masonic honors. He leaves no family, his wife and children having preceded him to the grave several years.

B. F. Wilson.

Attorney at Law, TALLADEGA, ALA. Will practice in the counties of Talladega, Calhoun and all surrounding counties. Feb 12-20-1886

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL And Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda

Almost as Palatable as Milk.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and tolerated for a long time by delicate stomachs. SCOTT'S EMULSION FOR CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, AND ALL WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN. It is the best medicine in the world for the cure of all these diseases. For full particulars see the book "The Emulsion of Scott's Emulsion." Sent free by mail on request. Address: SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of a Mortgage executed to C. Martin by N. T. Scott, and Elender R. Scott, his wife, and recorded on page 429 in book "P" and vol. of records of Mortgages in the office of the Probate Judge of Calhoun County, I, as agent of C. Martin, will proceed to sell on the 20th day of February next, on the premises in said county, for cash, the following described property to-wit: A part of SW 1/4 of NE 1/4 of Sec. 10, T. 16, R. 7, 10, ten acres more or less, due south of Mary E. Scott's parcel of land. Also two lots in NE 1/4 of SE 1/4, commencing at the NW corner, running south 280 yards, thence east 55 yards. Also 2 cows and one calf, white and black, five years old each, and one sorrel horse nine years old named Roddy. Jan 15-18 E. M. REID, Agt.

B. G. McCLELEN, County --- Surveyor.

Alexandria, Ala.

Canary Birds.

An endless variety of these pet singers nicely caged and shipped to any part of the United States, at the following marked prices. Imported German Canaries, \$3.00 per pair; Belgian Imported Long Bred Canaries, \$5.00 per pair, or \$3.00 each. Will ship either male or female as desired. PARROT (with talking abilities) Gray African, \$15.00; Mexican Double Yellow Head, \$20.00; Common Blue Head, \$5.00; Cuckoo, \$7.50. Safe delivery guaranteed. Give your express office. Address: SOUTHERN BIRD AGENCY, CAREVILLE, TENN. (Campbell county.)

Jacksonville Bakery.

The undersigned has a First-Class Baker,

who is engaged every day in turning out bread, cake, pastry, etc., at the bakery southwest of public square. Goods always fresh and palatable. I am willing for the public to compare his work with that of any other baker in the town. "Try his fruits and you shall know them." Don't buy before seeing his goods. Orders for all kinds of entertainments promptly filled. F. M. DAVIS. Feb 6-31.

Fifty Thousand Dollars to Loan.

In sums of \$2500 and upwards at better rates than has been heretofore extended by us or by the banks. For smaller loans old rates prevail. We make no loans outside of Calhoun and Cleburne. STEVENSON & GRANT. Jan 30-11 Jacksonville, Ala.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Wm. M. Nisbet. May 2-15.

A Good Place to Rent.

The undersigned will rent the old Stevenson place, two miles south of Jacksonville, for the year 1886, on good terms. Good house, good stables, splendid water and fine fences. Sixty to seventy acres of first-class land open for cultivation. Apply to Jan 6-31 H. L. STEVENSON.

T. J. CASON & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines AND TOILET ARTICLES. Garden Seeds.

Corner 10th and Market Streets, ANNISTON ALA.

GRAND RALLY AT PORTER, MARTIN & CO'S.

We have on hand a supply of Groceries, such as Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Pearl Grits, Krout, Potatoes, Sausage, all kinds of canned goods, pure Apple Vinegar, and a large lot of fine French Candy for the

Girls and Young Ladies.

Apples, Oranges and many other things that are good to eat, and if you don't believe it come and see for yourself. Also Hardware, Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, Saws, Bells, Shovels, Spades, Forks, Plows, Hames, Trace Chains, Horse and Mule Shoes, Iron in any shape. Also a good line of lamps from a small cheap lamp to the celebrated Electric Burner, and a full line of

Lamp Fixtures and Wicks.

Also Glassware and Crockery. We will sell several brands of standard Glassware this season. Remember our specialty is stock food. We want the trade of the town and surrounding community and we guarantee satisfaction. We will deliver goods to the amount of \$1 or over to any place in the incorporation. Send us your orders and we will do our best to please you.

Porter, Martin & Co.

Brick Store, S. W. Cor. Public Square.

PEERLESS COTTON SEED, EARLY, CLUSTER, PROLIFIC.

Bolls from the ground to the top. Yields Wonderfully. Matures Early. The best cotton for this climate and soil. Sold by

E. W. TEAGUE.

Oxford, Ala., Jan. 30-11

J. T. NUNNELLY. J. J. SKELTON.

NUNNELLY & SKELTON, UNDERTAKERS,

Will keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Coffins, Caskets and Burial Robes &c. Prompt attention will be given to all orders. Place of business East side of public square, Jacksonville, Ala. NUNNELLY & SKELTON. Sept 10-11

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.,

Brick Corner, S. W. Side of Public Square,

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

Just received and coming by every day's freight the

Largest, Completest and Handsomest

Stock of Goods in our line ever brought to this market. Our entire force have been for some days employed opening these goods and our store-rooms present a most

Charming Appearance.

We keep everything this country needs or will call for. This is one store where you can always find what you want. Advances made to farmers, but we also

SELL FOR CASH,

and, for the spot money, can give as good or better bargains than any house in North-east Alabama. If you don't believe it call and price our goods.

SPECIAL TO THE LADIES.

The ladies of Calhoun are especially invited to call and examine our fresh stock of Ladies' Jerseys, New Market Cloaks, Walking Jackets, beautiful lines of prius and dress goods of every description. These goods were selected by our Mr. W. H. DEAN, in New York, specially for this market, and we are satisfied will please.

WE OFFER BARGAINS.

JUST RECEIVED.

The fullest, finest and cheapest stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY &c., we have handled.

BARGAINS.

In every line of goods. Stock fresh and of the very latest styles in our Dry Goods department. Highest market price paid for cotton. Don't fail to give us a bid on your cotton.

FINE LOT OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING RECEIVED.

ORDERS TAKEN AND SUITS MADE TO ORDER ON SHORT NOTICE.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

CROW BROS.

Brick Corner, N. E. Side Public Square.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

The Republican.

OUR CHEAP COLUMN.

Advertisements inserted in this column at one-half word each insertion. Cash in advance.

To Sell Cheap. A fine horse wagon and harness. Apply to J. L. STEVENSON, Jacksonville, Ala.

To Rent. I want to rent the Stevenson place two miles from Jacksonville for the ensuing year. Good buildings, good water, good fences and good soil. Apply to J. L. STEVENSON, Jacksonville, Ala.

Wanted to Buy. A small farm of about 50 acres, with good soil, for a farm or for a place to live on. Apply to J. L. STEVENSON, Jacksonville, Ala.

Second. A small farm of about 50 acres, with good soil, for a farm or for a place to live on. Apply to J. L. STEVENSON, Jacksonville, Ala.

Wanted to Sell. A small farm of about 50 acres, with good soil, for a farm or for a place to live on. Apply to J. L. STEVENSON, Jacksonville, Ala.

Cross Plains. A small farm of about 50 acres, with good soil, for a farm or for a place to live on. Apply to J. L. STEVENSON, Jacksonville, Ala.

White Plains. A small farm of about 50 acres, with good soil, for a farm or for a place to live on. Apply to J. L. STEVENSON, Jacksonville, Ala.

Announcements. A small farm of about 50 acres, with good soil, for a farm or for a place to live on. Apply to J. L. STEVENSON, Jacksonville, Ala.

For Probate Judge. A small farm of about 50 acres, with good soil, for a farm or for a place to live on. Apply to J. L. STEVENSON, Jacksonville, Ala.

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COUNTY AFFAIRS.

MORRISVILLE.

Farmers have commenced sowing oats, which is about all the work done so far towards making a crop this year.

Mr. J. D. F. Hicks is happy, it is another girl.

The citizens in the neighborhood of Brooks school house have employed Miss Carrie Morris to teach them a school this year. They could not have done any better in selecting a teacher.

There is some sickness in the lower part of the county, mostly fever. Mr. Dodge Young died with fever a few days ago.

E. G. Morris & Sons have their foundry in full blast and are ready to do any kind of a job in their line of business.

WHITE PLAINS.

Sunshine and cheerful faces.

A large congregation at church last Sabbath.

J. M. LeGrand of Weavers Station is in town.

Going a court-ing to Jacksonville is the order of the day with some of our village men.

Some of our young people have enjoyed a buggy ride very much lately.

CROSS PLAINS.

Cross Plains, Feb. 10.—We are having beautiful weather again and our streets are crowded with people from the country. We notice a great deal of cotton coming in which proves that there will be something to start up the spring trade. We have heard that there was a good deal of cotton yet in the country, and it looks like such is the case from the number of bales brought here this week.

Dr. J. L. Hughes has been confined to his room several days with an attack of rheumatism. We are glad to hear that he is improving and hope to see him out again soon.

The festive drummer is now button holding our merchants from "early morn till dewy eve." Some of them have sold large bills here.

Rev. D. L. Parrish preached two very fine sermons at the Methodist church last Sunday. This able divine has made many warm friends in our community, and we trust his labors the present year may be abundantly blessed.

Capt. A. O. Stewart, Deputy U. S. Marshal, has decided to remain in Cross Plains, so Jacksonville will not get him as stated some time since. We are glad he is going to stay with us.

The first Quarterly Conference of the Cross Plains Circuit will be held here next Saturday and Sunday the thirteenth and fourteenth instants. Rev. S. M. Hosmer, Presiding Elder will preside.

Since court commenced in Jacksonville we have had a dearth of local news in our town. A good many of our citizens have been in almost constant attendance upon court since the first day of the session.

MACK.

MACK, Ala., Feb. 9th.—We are glad to see some more pretty weather. Hope it will continue to stay so for a while. Farmers are badly behind with their work in this section of the country. There was singing at Mt. Gideon last Sunday at 10 o'clock, followed by preaching services at 11. There was a large congregation out. There is going to be a Sunday school organized at Mt. Gideon Church as soon as spring opens out.

Rail mailings are all the go in this section of the country.

Messrs. Graves, Tumbling & Co., are sawing right along with their mills.

Rev. Thomas Smith is our pastor at Mt. Gideon for this year. Hope much good may be done by him.

We understand that Graves & Co., are going to move their sawmill to Florida next fall.

The Rev. Dave Booser preached us an able sermon, Sunday last. Hope he will not let it be long before he comes again.

Mr. Bartow McKever has returned home after spending a few days with his brother at Mr. Graves'. He lives in Dallas, Ga. Hope he will come again.

Wonder why Abe Knigh wears a smile on his face. Oh, it is a bouncing big boy at his house.

Mr. Thomas Comer has returned from Texas. Will live with his brother Sam this year. We are glad to receive such young men in our settlement.

We are having a fine school at Mt. Gideon now, averaging about 35 students, we are glad to see it progressing so well.

Mr. Sam McCollum has gone to court this week. Lookout Sam.

Wonder why the rail-maulers and the saw-mill boys could not agree at the party the other night.

DAVISVILLE.

There was coming up the hill on the 6th, something with a bag and a sack of empty bottles. Some think it was the old boy on stilts, others say that the bad spirits during the evening, who leave Calhoun county, while it may be that there was a lack of boss had sent a man willing to go and sent after some from another place to cross the breed, thinking that hybrids would be more energetic. There is no diversity of opinion as to what the bottles would hold.

Some of our farmers are sowing oats, hoping to try and put in the five days of this month. I think that "Choccoloco" was a little rough on us, but like children we need it. (Not quite so tight though.)

The hammer and saw can be heard all the time building houses here.

The guinea fowls sing like spring was here.

It is so healthy that when you meet a doctor the first thing is, how are your folks.

As the girls use to say, by by.

PERSONAL.

Jas. W. Henderson, of Tyler, Texas, has entered the State Normal school at this place.

Miss Rosa L. Hames, of West Point, Ga., has entered the Normal school here.

Gen. E. W. and Frank L. Pettus of Selma, were in Jacksonville two days of this week.

Prof. W. M. Thompson of Anniston, was in Jacksonville Saturday visiting friends and spent an hour or more in the Republican office.

Judge Henderson, of Talladega, who will be a candidate for Circuit Judge of this Circuit, was in Jacksonville Wednesday and paid the Republican office a call.

Dr. Bullard, of Oxford, was in Jacksonville Wednesday and paid us a pop call.

Miss Sarah Fouché, one of the Teachers in the Normal Department of the State Normal School here, is sick with pneumonia. We hope she may soon recover.

Talladega bar is represented here this week by Messrs. Frank Wilson and Judge Henderson.

Dr. LeGrand, of Anniston, was in Jacksonville Wednesday.

Prof. J. B. Graham of Cherokee was here at teachers' reading club Saturday and gave us a pleasant call.

Joe A. Walden of Centre is attending court here this week.

Resolution of the County Medical Society.

RESOLVED, That Calhoun County Medical Society regard it unethical and unbecoming a member of their body to announce themselves through the secular papers, and that the publishers of papers in this county be requested to refrain from the publication of names of physicians in connection with reports of cases which may come to their knowledge, and we trust any member of this society will do whatever in their power to prevent the use of their names in connection with such report.

By order of the society.

J. C. LEGRAND, Sec'y.

Good beef for sale at Jake's the butcher.

Farmers' Club.

Cross Plains Farmers Club met in Cross Plains Feb. 6th, and organized under the name of Cross Plains Farmers Club. Elected officers P. H. Brewster, President; M. M. Kernan, Vice President; A. T. Hanna, Secretary. A committee of five was appointed to get up suitable by-laws for the Club. The time for the next meeting was set for the third Saturday in Feb. 2 o'clock p. m., at Nelson's Hall in Cross Plains. All farmers are cordially invited to turn out and join us in what we conceive to be a good cause, and let us unite ourselves together as a band of Brothers for the dissemination of good through the land, and for the promotion of the Agricultural interest of our country.

One Hundred Thousand Dollars To Loan.

In sums of \$500 and upwards, on farm lands in Calhoun and Cleburne. This amount is in addition to the special fund of fifty thousand dollars we have to loan, at exceptionally good rates, in sums of \$2,500 and upwards.

Parties applying for loans should bring all deeds in their possession to the lands they propose to mortgage.

STEVENSON & GRANT.

Subscribers Notice.

At the special request of many of our subscribers, who have written us that they will settle during court, we extend the time in which our subscriptions can be settled to the new year. All who have not paid their accounts at two dollars a year.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO., Jacksonville.

Fresh lot Tennessee Wagons at Rowan, Dean & Co.

Buggy and wagon harness at Rowan, Dean & Co.

Cheapest line of hose (from 10 cents up) ever brought to this market at Rowan, Dean & Co's.

CROW BROS., Jacksonville.

Go to Crow Bros. if you want to buy your groceries cheap.

Best market price paid for country produce at Crow Bros.

Our dry goods are of the best quality. No one can undersell us. Call and see for yourself.

Crow Bros.

If you want something strong to stimulate you these cold mornings, buy your coffee from Crow Bros.

Crow Bros., come this week with a large lot of ready-made clothing, cheaper than ever before offered to the trade.

Beautiful worsted for 12 cents at Crow Bros.

Mens' suits at \$5 and up at Crow Bros.

Mens' overcoats at \$4.50 to \$12 at Crow Bros.

We have splendid line of Trunks very cheap. Call and see before buying. Crow Bros.

Crow Bros. have a large stock of groceries just received which you will find at rock-bottom prices.

Boys' suits at \$4 and up at Crow Bros.

Boys' overcoats at \$2.50 at Crow Bros.

We have just received a large lot of fancy and stick candies, oranges, apples, cocoanuts, desiccated cocoanut, figs, raisins, codfish, hering, pearl grits, navy beans, dried apples and peaches, and will receive in a few days the largest and best selected stock of toys and fancy goods we ever brought to Jacksonville. We hope all who desire to buy Christmas goods will call and examine our stock before purchasing. Crow Bros.

JOE B. PATTON, Rome, Ga.

Sash, Doors and Blinds.

Build up your own section by patronizing home industry.

Joe B. Patton has the only Sash, Door and Blind Factory in North Ga.

Headquarters for Paints, Oil, Glass, and general Builders supplies, Rome, Ga. Send for prices before purchasing.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

TAX ASSESSOR'S 2ND. ROUND. FEB. 1886.

I will be at the place on the days mentioned below, for the purpose of Assessing the State, County and Poll Taxes for the year 1886, for Calhoun county, State of Alabama. All persons subject to taxation under the law, are earnestly requested to meet me promptly at my appointments on this, my SECOND ROUND, with a full list of your property, with its full cash value, and the correct numbers of your lands in every case, as the law requires.

SECOND ROUND.

Beat 17—DeArmanville, Monday, Feb. 15.

Beat 12—Choccolocco, Tuesday, Feb. 16.

Beat 12—Davisville, Wednesday, Feb. 17.

Beat 11—White Plains, Thursday, Feb. 18.

Beat 10—Rabbit Town, Friday, Feb. 19.

Good line of goods sold at fair prices. Give me a call.

Jacksonville

Republican

ESTABLISHED JAN. 21, 1837.

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, FEB. 20, 1886.

PRICE \$1.50 A YEAR.

COOSA VALLEY DISTRICT.

News from Surrounding Counties.

CLEBURNE COUNTY.

The Edwardsville Standard, reporting of Congressman Forney, has been tried, and has been found to be a faithful servant and will doubtless wear the harness of time to come.

B. B. Bridges, of Oak Level, was admitted to the bar the last day of the Cleburne court. Judge Box spoke highly of his acquirements in the study of law.

Cleburne county Board of Education of teachers meets in Edwardsville the 27th.

Edwardsville wants a town clock.

The music class of Edwardsville High School numbers fourteen.

No announcement for office in Cleburne yet.

Mrs. Murrell, near Abernathy, on Tuesday evening last went out to milk her cows, and was soon after found dead in the cow-pen.

Many citizens of Cleburne county call on Judge Barlow to run for Probate Judge through the Edwardsville Standard.

Dr. Houston, of Oak Level will move to Davisville in Calhoun county.

ST. CLAIR COUNTY.

The Democratic Executive Committee of St. Clair county has called to meet in Ashville the 20th for the purpose of arranging for the holding of a county convention. Saturday the 6th day of March is fixed for the beat meetings to choose delegates to the convention.

Mrs. Mollie Jordan, of Missouri, has been preaching in Ashville and the Egis commends her sermons very highly.

Brother Cather, of the Egis says that the backbone of the winter is about broken and that the next severest spell of weather will be about the third or fourth of March.

Two hundred and forty tons of coal are raised daily at Ragland mines.

Mr. Durham, the superintendent of the new jail at Ashville had his eyes greatly injured while pouring molten lead into a hole in a rock which was damp. An explosion followed the act.

Mr. C. J. Tague is announced as a candidate for Probate Judge of St. Clair county.

The Board of Examination of St. Clair county will hold a meeting in Ashville the 27th for the purpose of examining teachers.

Mrs. Burnes, one of the oldest citizens of Ashville, died in Blount county January 5th.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smith of Canoe Creek lost a child by death the 6th inst.

Mr. Albert Hall and Miss Fannie White and Mr. Sam Eubanks and Mrs. Mary Campbell of Canoe Creek were married recently.

Green apples are worth from 30 to 40 cents a bushel in Ashville.

CHEROKEE COUNTY.

Thos. Holcomb died at his residence near New Moon in Cherokee county Jan. 30th of heart disease. For thirty years he had been a Universalist and before his death he said he died in the faith and feared no harm.

The Coosa River News goes pretty lively for Rev. Mr. Montgomery who has been lately preaching against dancing in Centre Shrop. thinks that if the reverend gentleman would only look in upon a dance as it is conducted in Centre, his mind would undergo a change on the subject of dancing. "Many times" says Shrop, "have we participated in the joyful occasions when the quadrille waltzed away to soft music." This explains matters.

A dog belonging to Isaac Evans of Thomas Mill near the Cherokee line went mad and created some excitement in the neighborhood.

The Cherokee Training school at Centre is in a very flourishing condition.

Some changes are to be made by the Bass Furnace Company that will benefit their plant.

A. F. Bramlett and Wade Blackburn, for Circuit Clerk, are the only announcements so far made in Cherokee.

Dr. Geo. B. Lawrence of Cherokee is going to Florida, to be absent until the 10th of March.

Both Maj. Jno. T. Stocks and his wife have been quite low with typhoid fever, but are now recovering.

Mr. Wiley Stinson and Miss Ida Brannon of Howell's X Roads were married a few days ago.

TALLADEGA COUNTY.

The Talladega Reporter brings out Hon. A. Cunningham for State Senator for Talladega and Clay. Messrs. Bowdon and Bishop have also been mentioned in connection with the place.

Talladega has five bootblacks. Talladega is rapidly taking on the airs of a city. We say, good for Talladega.

The city of Talladega is being further beautified by the planting of waterworks on all her principal streets.

Sheriff B. F. Powell, of Talladega has resigned and thus refuted the oft repeated assertion that few office-holders ever die and none resign.

The Talladega Reporter has a warm place in its heart for Congressman Forney.

A. Hirsch, a merchant of Talladega, has moved to Birmingham.

The young ladies of the M. E. Church of Talladega had an oyster supper and valentine drawing the night of the 15th.

A bold and successful robbery of Ullman's store in Talladega was committed a few nights ago.

Gov. O'Neal has appointed Arthur T. Wood, Sheriff of Talladega county, vice R. P. Powell resigned.

ETOWAH COUNTY.

Gadsden wants a brass band. Good heavens!

Gadsden will never be a city until a railroad is built to Jacksonville. Why not Gadsden work on it at once?—Gadsden Times.

The case of Edwards for killing Polk Miller was continued at the last term of Etowah Circuit Court.

The Times advertises one Hill who has migrated to Texas without paying his subscription dues to that paper.

Gadsden is to have an efficient fire company, since she has got her waterworks.

Gadsden is trying to have a religious revival. The Times thinks she needs one.

Five men were sent to the chain gang from Etowah Circuit Court.

Mr. Gabriel Hughes one of the oldest citizens of Etowah county died the 2nd inst.

Mr. John B. Hall and Miss Mollie Williams, of Riddle's Bend were recently married.

Mr. L. L. Dean will deliver the welcome address when the Grand Lodge of Good Templars meet in Gadsden April 13th.

THE JAIL.

ANNISTON, ALA., Feb. 10th.

ED. REPUBLICAN: Having recently had occasion to visit the county jail I was surprised beyond measure to find what a perfectly horrible place it is and I am wide of the mark in my estimate of the character of the people of Calhoun did they not rise in their might and demand an immediate change were they acquainted with the facts of the case. It is not my intention to harrow the feelings of your readers by a disgusting recital of the sufferings of the prisoners are obliged to endure, nor in any way reflect upon the humanity and kindness of those immediately in charge of the institution, as I do not see how they could do better with the means at their disposal. But I do wish to say that our present jail is a stench in the nostrils of civilization, and I deliberately stake my reputation on the assertion that no man can be confined there for any considerable length of time and preserve his health unimpaired. If he can then hygiene is a myth, and every sanitary law a lie. Be not deceived into thinking that health is not injured because immediately baneful results are not observed, and it is my honest conviction that no better place, to kindle a hereditary disease into active operation, can be found between here and the black hole of Calcutta than our own county jail. Should a prisoner die, years after though it be from any neglect upon our part we are as much his murderers as though we had stabbed him to the heart. The code of Alabama confers the right to imprison but not to kill by poisoned vapors and the deprivation of light and air. Neither is it my business to enquire who have been responsible for these

things—let the past bury the past—but I do make it my business to beseech you, Mr. Editor, and implore every good man to unite his voice with yours in a petition to the County Commissioners to remove this foul thing from our midst, and give us a jail for which we need not blush when God, civilization and the nineteenth century are mentioned. Take not poverty for an answer. Neither man nor State has a right to economize at the expense of human life. Take the stones of the present structure for a foundation and the bricks of the old court house for walls, but build a jail suitable for human beings if it throws the county in debt for a thousand years. Of reports and preambles we have had enough, let us get to the resolution and go to work.

Very respectfully,
K. P. HUGER.

LETTER FROM TEXAS.

ARLINGTON, TARRANT, CO., TEX.

ED. REPUBLICAN:—Having been solicited by numerous friends in Calhoun county to write and give information as to productions, health, occupation, society and various other points of this portion of the "Lone Star State," I ask permission through your paper to comply:

1, together with my family, Messrs. John Gidley and Bill Scott and family reached Arlington on the morning of Dec. 25th, hungry, tired, sleepy, and you may safely say a little dirty. Found every thing lively. In answer to inquiring mechanics, will state that there is plenty of work to do, with about three or four workmen to every job, very much like it is in Calhoun.

Will say to farmers that having made no crops yet, am unprepared to say how I will be pleased by fall, but at present, judging from appearances, am highly pleased with this as a farming country. I am on the sandy timber land, the timber consisting chiefly of scrubby post oak and black jack. The land ploughs well and looks fine. Unless appearances are deceptive will yield $\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{3}{4}$ bale of cotton per acre. Have rented 42 acres to cultivate and with the aid of one hand have it all broken. Will plant corn in about two weeks, if the weather remains warm, though it changes often and changes from warm to extreme cold quicker here than any country I was ever in.

About the rain, I have been here since Dec. 25th; during which time there has not been rain enough to wet the ground two inches yet the land remains moist and loose. Roads are pretty dry. How I sympathize with you all while traveling your buggy roads and prize your wagon wheels out of the mud holes as you haul your guano home. Old farmers say if we can get one good rain after planting, we will make a good crop, if no other misfortune happens to prevent. Water here is good. Health generally splendid. Schools and churches flourishing. The people as a class are the kindest most cordial and ever met. Stock and grain cheap and abundant; also groceries and dry goods. The merchants here as at Anniston, are selling 10 to 25 per cent. below east (?) but still they don't break. Land in this country is high, though West of here land is cheap. Like every other State, it is necessary to work in Texas. We old Calhoun citizens look forward with pleasure to the weekly visits of the REPUBLICAN, as we would the arrival of an old friend. As spring advances and we learn more of the advantages afforded, will write again. Success to the paper.

M. NUNSELEY.

Good Results in Every Case.

D. A. Bradford, wholesale paper dealer of Chattanooga, Tenn., writes that he was seriously afflicted with a severe cold that settled on his lungs; had tried many remedies without benefit. Being induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, did so and was entirely cured by use of a few bottles. Since which time he has used it in his family for all Coughs and Colds with best results. This is the experience of thousands whose lives have been saved by this Wonderful Discovery. Trial Bottles free at W. M. Nisbet's Drug Store.

THE SILVER QUESTION.

To the National Bi-Metallic Coinage Association.

GENTLEMEN:—Your Committee on Resolutions submit the following:

Gold and silver have been used as money from the earliest ages. The ratio of coinage between the two metals has not substantially changed in three thousand years, and when change has occurred, it has been the result of legislation and not of temporary continuance. History proves that gold and silver combined have been sufficient as a basis of value for the world throughout the ages, and that either metal alone has not been enough for the use of labor and commerce; the demonization of either metal has invariably proved disastrous to the people of every nation that has attempted an experiment.

Gold and silver derive their value from natural causes—the qualities of indestructibility, freedom from rust, decay, or chemical change, and divisibility into exact parts. Nature produces them only in limited quantity, and the utilization of such production is made at large expense of discovery, extraction, separation from extraneous substances and reduction into convenient bullion form. It is well established that the world's production of gold and silver has not kept pace with the increase of population. The smaller production of gold makes it a convenience as the higher expression of value; the larger production of silver proclaims its universality and its necessity in the smaller transactions of labor and commerce. In nature they are found combined. Since the beginning of commerce and exchange among nations, their use has been combined and inseparable; gold as a higher expression of value for convenience of hoarding and storing to the rich; silver as a necessity in the wage of the laborer and the daily purchase of the poor.

The withdrawal of the one metal, wholly or partially, must proportionally increase the value of the other, and enhance its purchasing power, thus inevitably depreciating the value of the thing purchased, whether it be labor, the product of labor, or the product of the soil.

Our Revolutionary War at its conclusion left us a nation without credit either at home or abroad. The army was unpaid and the credit of the country absolutely valueless. A metal dollar which consisted of silver (because gold was almost unknown) had its value regulated by the laws of the several States. Washington had two great objects in view: the first to unite in a National Government the States; and the second, to provide a policy by which the credit of a young Republic (the first which had come into existence for 3,000 years) should be equal to the credit of any other government on the face of the earth. To this end he sought the views of Thomas Jefferson, the author of our Declaration of Independence; of James Madison, the father of our Constitution; of Alexander Hamilton, who had been his constant aid and counselor during the revolutionary period; and of other true and tried men with whom Washington, with rare sagacity, had surrounded himself.

These were the main objects that inspired the adoption of the Federal Constitution.

In 1792, among the first acts passed by Congress was one "establishing the mint and regulating the coins of the United States," providing for the coinage of gold and silver bullion upon precisely the same terms, viz: "Section 14. That it shall be lawful for any person or persons to bring any silver mint gold and silver bullion in order to their being coined, and that the bullion so brought shall be there assayed and coined as speedily as may be after receipt thereof, and that free of expense to the person or persons by whom the same shall have been brought." Thus carefully did our fathers provide in accordance with wise deductions from history and the experience of all nations, for the equal and free coinage of gold and silver alike. Thus did the several States grant to Congress the power "to coin money and regulate the value thereof." It was a direct trust, and Congress, under the grant so made, cannot refuse to execute the trust; and if it does, the trust so created, according to all principles of law, becomes barren and reverts to the original grantors, the States.

Under this wise system of finance, which provided for the nation the "dollar of our fathers," so much abused and derided by the "silver-phobists," our Government has prospered and gained its place as the foremost people of the globe; it has carried us through the dire disasters and calamities of war; it has achieved the noble victories of peace, helped us to a speedy resumption of specie payment after temporary suspension;

and enabled us to enter upon the work of payment of the national debt and reduction of national interest.

In 1873, without the wish or knowledge of the people of the United States, silver was practically demonetized. This was done by a trick of legislation and revision. The act of February 12, 1873, when passed, was not read, except by its title; in no section of the act was it specially pointed out or intimated that the effect would be to change the standard of value from gold and silver to gold alone. But in June, 1874, when Congress enacted as a de facto law what was called "The Revised Statutes of the United States," there was inserted a section which had no sanction in any existing law of Congress. It stood as section 3586, and reads as follows: "The silver coin of the United States shall be legal tender at their nominal value for any amount not exceeding five dollars in any one payment."

This section was thus surreptitiously introduced, and accomplished the demonization of silver (except for minor payments) by a form of expression studiously calculated to escape the observation of members of Congress. Some time elapsed before the country was aware of the fraud that had been committed upon its financial policy. The effects thereof, from various causes did not immediately appear, but the agitation and interest of the people when advised, resulted in the passage of the Bland bill or act of Congress, passed February 28, 1875, entitled "An act to authorize the coinage of the standard dollar and to restore its legal-tender character." This act was passed in obedience to the demands of the people and with intent to restore silver to its ancient, rightful and constitutional standard, and to clothe with all its prior functions the "dollar of our fathers."

The influences of Wall street and other money centers were brought to bear upon the financial officers of the Government; and studied and persistent evasions of the provisions of the law followed. Refusal by the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase and coin the maximum amount prescribed by the provisions of the act, was supplemented by his refusal to set the clearing-house balances and Government obligations without discrimination in gold and silver, or their representatives in certificates; and thus the will of the people has been thwarted, and the laws of the United States have been practically nullified by only partial execution.

Therefore, believing that the structure of this Government rests upon the people; that the products of the soil, and its manufactures, with the labor of its masses, form its wealth and permanent foundation; and knowing that hasty, ill considered and unwise legislation has caused disturbances, uncertainty, and contraction of values and money, whereby agricultural pursuits and manufacturing interests are depressed; trade and commerce are languishing, or stagnant; labor is unemployed, or underpaid; all American industries have been generally paralyzed, while the partial demonization of silver has appreciated, and is constantly enhancing the value of notes, bonds, mortgages and other fixed capital; and believing in the same free and equal coinage of gold and silver, about which Washington, Jefferson, and Hamilton were so solicitous.

We, the National Committee of the Bi-Metallic Coinage Association, assembled at the city of Washington, demand on the part of Congress:

First. An observance of the Constitution in respect to coinage and the execution of the trust power therein conferred.

Second. That silver be restored to its rightful Constitutional equality with gold.

Third. That Congress provide by law for its coinage at the request of holders of bullion, in precisely the same way and of exactly the same standard that all Congressional enactments provided prior to 1873, without discretionary power on the part of the Secretary of the Treasury.

The Newburyport Herald narrates the experience of duped citizens of that city who sent to Lancaster, Ont., for "an elegant steel engraving of Washington," and received a postage stamp containing the imprint of the "father of his country." A young man sent for a "valuable secret," and was told to "whittle from you and you will never cut yourself," while a farmer who sent for a "valuable recipe to keep cisterns from freezing," was told to "take it in over night."

Experience proves that nothing else so surely destroys Scrofula, root and branch, as Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

A DISGRACE TO ALABAMA.

Birmingham Age.

A few days ago a special appeared in the telegraphic columns of the Age giving an account of the arrival in Montgomery of a negro convict from Barbour county named Alex. Clews. When Alex was picked up by the Montgomery police at the depot, and carried to police headquarters, he was in a very pitiable condition. His feet and hands and lips were terribly frost bitten, and he could not walk without assistance.

As far as can be learned the history of Alex's case is about as follows: On the fifth of December, 1884, he was tried in the circuit court of Barbour county and convicted of assault and battery and sentenced to hard labor for the county for three months. His attorney took an appeal to the supreme court, and about the first of February this court reversed the decision of the Barbour circuit court and ordered Alex's release. In the meantime, however, and by what authority we cannot understand, on the 10th of January he was sent to R. L. Smith's farm in Tallapoosa county and there put to work, with the other prisoners hired to Smith, cutting and splitting rails, digging ditches and other outdoor work. He says he was very thinly clad, and was without sufficient covering upon his feet, and suffered greatly from the effects of the cold weather, and this was the cause of his deplorable condition when picked up at the Montgomery depot.

But Alex's sufferings are all over now. Worn out in body and soul, exhausted from intense suffering he dropped dead, yes dead, you people of Alabama, on the streets of Montgomery while on the way to the train which was to have carried him to that half dead condition back to his home in Barbour county.

Great God! Are there no laws in Alabama; is there no sense of justice here that will protect a poor, humble individual like this from the inhuman, brutal treatment of his fellow man? Let the governor of the state, the penitentiary inspectors, the judges of the law, the officers who execute the law, and the people of Alabama, read this verdict of the coroner's jury of Montgomery, and answer whether his recommendations should not be strictly, rigidly complied with.

"We the jury empaneled to investigate the causes that led to the death of Alexander Clews, a colored man now lying dead in the office of the chief of police, after proper investigation, examination of witnesses and viewing the body, are unanimous in the opinion that the deceased came to his death from cruel and inhuman treatment at the hands of those who had him in charge, and from evidence adduced before the jury, find that R. L. Smith, of Tallapoosa county, was his employer and we recommend that proper and lawful means be used to bring the guilty party or parties into court to answer to the charge of causing the death of Alexander Clews. Given under our hands and seals this 11th of February, 1886." [Signed.] W. P. TANNER, Foreman, et al.

The following are the lines which accompanied Mr. Latham famous as a verse-maker, upon the death of the great humorist of his time.

A THUNDERBOLT.
The Ahkood of Swat is dead.—London, 22nd of January 22.

What a great what! What the news from Swat? Sad news, I hear. Comes by the cable hot Through the Indians ocean's bed, Through the great gulfs of the Red Sea and the Med. He's dead! The Ahkood is dead!

Who wouldn't? He strove to disregard the message store, But he Ahkood'd! Dead, dead, dead! Sorrow swat! Sorrow swat! Swat with him! Ahkood'd dead. Swat when he but often led Onward to a glory bed.

As the case might be, Sorrow Swat! Tears shed Shed tears like water. Your great Ahkood is dead! That Swat's the matter!

Mourn, city of Swat, Your great Ahkood is not! But laid 'mid worms to rot! His mortal part alone, his soul was caught (Because he was a good Ahkood!) Up to the bosom of Mahound. Through earth's walls his true surround (For he believed he was ground!) And skeptics mock the lowly mound. And say, "He's now or no Ahkood!" His soul is in the skies!

The azure skies that bend above his loved City of Swat. He sees with larger, other eyes, Ahkood all earthly mysteries— He knows what Swat is!

Let Swat bury the great Ahkood With a noise of mourning and of lamentation! Let Swat bury the great Ahkood With the noise of the morning of the Swatish nation!

Fallen is at length Its tower of strength, Its great Ahkood is dead! Dead lies the great Ahkood, And the great Ahkood of Swat is not!

Mr. J. T. Stephenson, of Troy, who recently lost his reason, has been placed in the care of Dr. Bryer, at Tuscaloosa, and his friends hope that rest and proper treatment will restore him.

The Incurable Cured—A Plain Statement of Facts.

My mother, Mrs. Feathers, has had a cancer of the womb for many months. Last winter the doctor told us it was cancer, and could not be cured. Five different physicians in private practice have said the same thing. We took her to the woman's hospital of this city, and there they repeated the same story. Dr. Emmett told us it was cancer, and she must die. We then took her to the New York College Hospital, and they told us the same thing—that she had cancer and could live but a very short time. She was then carried to my house, where she awaited patiently the coming of death as her only relief. We saw the advertisement of the Swifts Specific Co., and as a "drowning man grasps at a straw," we went to the office of the company, and the physician told me that to try it—that it could do her no possible harm, and that it would cure her. She lost a great deal of flesh and strength, and it seemed folly to give her medicine after what we had been told. However we commenced the S. S. S., and kept it up a month before I saw any improvement. From that time on her general health improved, and she was soon raised from bed. The discharge increased so much that it frightened us, but we kept on, and the cancer came away in great sloughs, and lumps. For two months now there has been no hemorrhage, no signs of a discharge. Thank God, my mother is well. She is still at my house, and will be glad to speak for herself at any time.

Mrs. REBECCA CRAMER, 275 7th Ave., New York. Dec. 2, 1885.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga. New York, 157 W. 23d St.

The smoking car, ladies coach and three sleepers of the South-bound fast train on the Alabama Great Southern Railway were wrecked near Coaling, about fifteen miles north of Tuscaloosa at 2 o'clock this morning. There were about twenty passengers on the train. Mr. G. W. Henderson, and a brakeman named Reagan, were seriously injured and ten or twelve others were slightly hurt. The engine and baggage car were not thrown from the track.

Colonel B. K. Jamison, the Philadelphia banker, has converted the farm on which he was born, near Saltsburg, Pa., into the Jamison home, and intends to use it as an abiding place for all of his kith and kin who desire to avail themselves of his hospitality. The farm is quite a large one, is beautifully situated and contains a number of dwelling houses. He intends adding another farm to the "Home," and having it duly incorporated. Then he will endow it handsomely.

The steamer Alabama, running between Mobile and New Orleans, exploded her boiler at sea Thursday evening. The smoke stack was blown overboard and other damage done. The engineer and fireman were slightly hurt. The vessel was picked up, disabled, twenty miles off Fort Morgan and brought in this evening.

A writer in the British Medical Journal advises people to be careful not to slice up a pineapple with the same knife they use in peeling it, as the rind contains an acid organic substance which is likely to cause a swollen mouth used as an antidote for the poison of pineapple peel.

A man was placed in the county poor house of Jackson county last week who has one son an eminent Presbyterian divine and president of a college, and one a doctor of dentistry in Texas.

Merit will tell. Buy the genuine article and do not expend your means on vile trash. Shriner's Indian Vermifuge is guaranteed if taken according to the direction.

Lot Pettv, a negro brakeman at the Sloss furnaces, Birmingham, fell off a trestle thirty feet high, but only fractured a wrist.

An End to Bone Scraping.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Ill., says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica salve, and my leg is now sound and well." Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25c. per box by W. M. Nisbet.

The Republican.

FEBRUARY 20, 1886.

Grass and Wilful Misrepresentation.

Mr. Saml. Noble's Hot Blast has got court house on the brain.

Disappointed and enraged because the Commissioners Court would not leave the valuable records of the county continually exposed to loss by fire and wait with patience until Anniston should grow large enough to move the county site to that place, thus largely enhancing the value of Sam Noble's property, that paper has spared no denunciation of those members of the Court who showed by their act that they were above the Noble influence.

Lately it has assailed the contractor of the building, criticising the purchase of brick by him from the Chatahochee brick-works, when the fact is that over half of Anniston, including the vaunted Inn worth a quarter of a million in the newspapers and forty-five thousand dollars on the tax books, is built of brick from the same works. It has blated about spending the taxes, when the records show it has paid not a dollar of taxes since it was set up in the county. It has hesitated at no inconsistency.

From inconsistency it has descended to wilful misrepresentation.

The last issue of the paper contained an article grossly reflecting upon Mr. Patton as an honest man and faithful contractor, and giving what it claims to be facts in regard to the character of work on the new court house, which are false in every essential particular.

When newspapers descend to such methods, they should be met by contemptuous silence; and we would so treat that article now, but for the fact that uncontradicted it might be accepted as true and good men might thus be as much injured by our silence as by the misrepresentation it contains.

It is also claimed that the two Commissioners appointed by the Court as a committee to sign the contract and superintend the work are each drawing \$2.50 a day during the work. This is untrue. Only one Commissioner at a time has ever been in superintendence of the work and only one at a time has ever received pay, and that only for the days when he was actually here directing the building. Mr. Stewart was in superintendence a few days when the work first commenced and has only received pay for those days. Mr. Watson has been superintending the work mostly and he has only drawn pay for the days when he was actually here, giving his time to the county, as all the Commissioners do when they are called here for any purpose either as Commissioners, jury commissioners, or road supervisors. The employment of a Commissioner is better for the county than to have employed an architect at an additional expense of near \$1000. The contractor is under bond to comply with the specifications and his bondsmen are amply responsible for any failure on his part in this regard. Messrs. Stewart and Watson were placed in charge of the work for the good reason that they, by their votes, became responsible for it, and, to that extent, were more interested in seeing that the county got a good job than were the two Commissioners who voted against them. Mr. Watson, who has been at work, is an intelligent and practical man, and is just as capable of knowing whether the contractor is complying with the specifications as either one of the two commissioners who voted against the appropriation. So much for that statement of Mr. Noble's paper. It has been found on examination to be only half correct.

Now as to the character of the brick work. Mr. Patton could best answer this if he were here. Workmen now on the building, who worked also on the much vaunted Inn, say that it is a much better job than was done on that building, and the material is from the same brickworks and as good if not better than the material employed in the walls of the Inn.

We learn that Mr. Clardy, of Oxford, an intelligent and excellent contractor of brickwork, examined the walls of the new court house building here during the late season of court, and pronounced it an excellent job. All the bosh about the brick freezing out and mortar joints falling is the grossest misrepresentation. The very slight damage done to some few of the soft brick on the inside

walls during the hard freeze can be easily and inexpensively remedied, if indeed, it be found that any damage at all has been done, and this at the expense not of the county but of the contractor.

The walls of the building are much thicker than Sam Noble's paper represents them to be, and are firmer and thicker than is usual in buildings of its size and height. They are said to be infinitely better walls than those of the vaunted Inn. One of the walls of the Inn is said to be from three to four inches out of plumb and Mr. Noble has not yet discovered the defect, and yet his keen vision can easily detect faults of construction in a building fourteen miles away, the specifications of which he has never seen.

The lumber is represented by Mr. Noble's Hot Blast as being of very inferior quality. We answer this misrepresentation by presenting the following note from the gentleman who has furnished and is now furnishing the lumber for the building. He is well known in this county, and for veracity stands very far above Mr. Samuel Noble, who owns the greater part of the Hot Blast and controls and directs its utterances.

JACOB V. LEE, ALA.,
Feb. 18, 1886.
MR. GRANT:—I have been and am now furnishing the bill of lumber for the new court house. Mr. Patton contracted with me for good, merchantable lumber, free from wind-shakes, etc., and I have not only given him such lumber, but have picked over the bills as they were sent and rejected all pieces not strictly first-class. I am sawing in excellent timber and the lumber I have been and am now furnishing Mr. Patton for the new court house is strictly first-class.

Yours Respy,
GREEN B. SKELTON.

Mr. Kimbrell, the foreman of the woodwork, says his instructions from Mr. Patton are to put nothing but first-class material in, do careful and faithful work and spare no expense in putting up a good job, even if it absorbs all his profits in the building.

Why add more to convict Sam Noble's paper of gross misrepresentation, for an unworthy object, namely, to mislead the people and inflame their minds, in order to subserve a miserable little purpose of partisan advantage, in a petty scramble over a few little county offices?

We shall say no more. The intent and purpose of the article carries with it its own condemnation. Mr. Patton, no doubt, in due time, will pay his respects, in fitting form, to the men who have wilfully sought to damage him in his business and impeach his standing as an honorable man.

Any man in Calhoun who offers for the Legislature on an avowed principle of hostility to any community of the county ought to be defeated by the people. Calhoun should be able to send a man to the Legislature broad enough to represent the entire county, and capable of doing good for all interests and all sections of the county, a man absolutely free of prejudice. Prejudice is the sure mark of a little mind, and Cross Plains, Jacksonville, Weavers, Anniston, Oxford and all the country beats of the county have too much at stake and too much to ask for in the way of beneficial legislation, to send a small-minded man to the Legislature. There are plenty of men in the county, free entirely from local prejudice, honest, capable men, who would soon to employ the arts of the demagogue for office, and who, if sent to Montgomery, would work for the interests of the entire people of the county. We have all intelligent men in the county, and one, let him come from whatever part of the county he may.

Discussing the proposed combination of the coal and iron men of this part of the State, the Selma Times says:

The people of Alabama may as well understand at once that when capital comes among us it will come prepared to take care of itself, and the people may as well get ready to take care of themselves. The remedy, if there is any remedy against monopoly, is in putting restrictions and limitations upon its chartered rights and powers.

Monopoly exists in this country by law, by acts of congress, by state legislation. It is too late to denounce it. We must either control corporations or be controlled by them. Restrict and limit their chartered powers in the first place, provide methods by which their property shall be assessed for taxation at figures such as it is offered for sale in the second place. A monopoly should not be allowed to skulk behind a greatly reduced tax-valuation of its property and shift the burden of taxation off upon citizens of limited means. Restrict the chartered powers of monopoly and tax it into its senses, is our proposition. Monopoly has a horror of taxation.

Congressmen and the Post-offices.

Correspondence of the Advertiser.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The members of the House are already beginning to tremble over the question of re-election. This is always the case about this time in the history of each Congress, but it is especially true just now of the Democratic members. They have experienced so much difficulty in their attempts to get offices for their constituents that they fear the result.

Riding down Pennsylvania avenue in a bob tail car the other day were Mr. Morrison, Mr. Stone of Kentucky, and a number of others. Some one spoke in the course of the conversation about some post-office contests in his district, and their effect upon approaching struggles.

"Yes," said Mr. Morrison, "I expect to hear from that subject in my district next fall; I have had postoffice fights enough in my district to insure a victorious fight against me before the convention."

"Yes," replied Mr. Stone with a touch of experience that would have done honor to an older member, "yes, there are lots of fellows who are warming seats in Congress now who will be knocked out next time. The postoffice question and the other cases of disappointed office-seekers will send a good many men to the rear in the next election."

There was a general laugh all over the car, but it was felt that Mr. Stone, for a new member, was a gentleman of very excellent judgment.

We are glad to know that none of the distinguished gentlemen who are candidates for governor has any sympathy with the slanderous reports which have been circulated against Col. Dawson. We are sure that none of them would enter the arena of slander for the purpose of promoting their own personal aspirations.—Selma Times.

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT OF THE COUNTY TREASURER.

TO THE HONORABLE COURT COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CALHOUN COUNTY ALABAMA.

The undersigned, J. J. Skelton, County Treasurer of said County, respectfully submits the following Report, showing his receipts and disbursements as such County Treasurer from July 1st 1885 to the date of his last Semi Annual Report, up to January 1st 1886.

1885	To amt Balance on hand as per last report	DR.	CR.
July 10	To Rec'd of A Woods, Judge on License 2d quarter 1885.	46 32	
" 10	" A Woods Judge County Court cost	4 75	
" 14	" D Z Goodlett T C on county tax for 1884	405 00	
" 15	" A Woods Judge County court cost	6 20	
" 22	" D Z Goodlett T C on county tax for 1884	20 90	
" 31	" D Z Goodlett T C on county tax for 1884	745 00	
Aug 1	" A Woods Judge County court cost	6 40	
" 5	" D Z Goodlett T C on county tax for 1884	1065 00	
" 10	" D Z Goodlett T C on county tax for 1884	245 00	
" 26	" P D Ross, Clerk County court cost	3 25	
" 27	" D Z Goodlett T C on county tax for 1884	50 00	
Oct 2	" A Woods Judge on license 2d quarter 1885	31 13	
" 5	" D Z Goodlett T C on county tax for 1884	170 00	
" 7	" A Woods Judge county court cost	4 75	
" 17	" D Z Goodlett T C on county tax for 1884	240 00	
" 18	" A Woods Judge county court cost	9 50	
" 29	" D Z Goodlett T C on county tax for 1884	400 00	
Nov 2	" A Woods Judge county court cost	10 95	
" 6	" D Z Goodlett T C on county tax for 1885	268 00	
" 7	" A Woods Judge county court cost	5 70	
" 16	" D Z Goodlett T C on county tax for 1884	12 60	
" 30	" D Z Goodlett T C on county tax for 1884	150 00	
Dec 5	" D Z Goodlett T C in full of county tax 1884	582 00	
" 10	" A Woods Judge county court cost	15 20	
" 12	" D Z Goodlett T C in full of county tax 1884	80 00	
" 16	" A Woods Judge county court cost	4 75	
" 31	" on Estray	12 85	
" 31	" on Estray	5 70	

CONTRA.

By amount paid out to		
Grand Jurors	287 40	
Petit Jurors	811 40	
Jurors in Probate Court	94 70	
County Physician	106 22	
Jury Commissioners	44 50	
on Commissioners court and service	337 30	
Convicts	21 55	
Newspapers for county	4 10	
Poor House and Paupers	738 23	
Coffins and Burials	49 51	
Judgment Poor	27 00	
Ex-officio Service	22 71	
Roads and Road Service	362 56	
Bridges	269 91	
Court House	83 55	
New Court House	160 00	
County Court	4 00	
Stationary Blanks and Printing	305 10	
Inquests	55 05	
Jail and Prisoners	74 71	
Collecting Taxes etc	18 12	
County Jail	5 98	
Feeding Jurors	129 60	
Lunatics	192 20	
Constables	212 52	
Commissions on \$1250.57 at 5 per cent.	471 06	
Amount to Balance	\$1934 15	\$1934 15

To Balance on hand 471 06
I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct.
Given under my hand this January 1st 1886.
J. J. SKELTON, County Treasurer.

FINE AND FORFEITURE FUND.

		J. J. SKELTON, County Treasurer	
FINE AND FORFEITURE FUND.			
\$85			DR.
July 15	To Balance on hand as per last Report		\$2 88
	To amt. rec'd of I L Swan County agent		
	on Convict hire		30 00
Aug. 1	"	A Woods Judge on fines	25 00
" 3	"	on J P. Report	7 00
" 4	"	"	2 75
" 26	"	Circuit Clerk	649 14
Oct 19	"	County Judge	10 00
Nov 2	"	I L Swan Co. Ag't on	
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To Balance on hand 59 08
I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Given under my hand this January 1st 1886.
J. J. SKELTON, County Treasurer.

Examined and approved by the Court, this Feb. 16th 1886.
A. WOODS Judge of Probate.

WANTED TO BUY FOR CASH.

A first class single work ox, not over six years old to weigh not less than 1500 pounds. Must be in good order and well broke. Any one having such an ox for sale and will write me to Cape Creek, Calhoun county, giving price and full particulars will hear from me at once. Nothing but a first-class ox wanted. For one that will fill the bill I will give fair price. Feb 20—21
F. W. FRANCIS

TO THE AFFLICTED.

Those suffering with any of the diseases so prevalent in our country, such as Coughs, Colds, Discharges of the lungs, Pulmonary Consumption in first and second stages, Chills and Fever and Malarial generally, will find valuable remedies in the following medicines kept for sale by F. M. Treadaway, at Four Mile Springs, Calhoun county, Ala., to-wit:

Dr. Dunlop's Cascaro Compound, Dr. Dunlop's King of Pain, Dr. Harvey's Malarial Pills, Dr. Jas. Clark's Life Balsam, Dr. Beechman's Worm Confections, Dr. Dunlop's Liver Pills, &c. Also Shaker Extract and Shaker's Family Pills. Any of the above may be had at any time by calling at my residence, or by addressing me at Weavers Station, Ala. Prices very reasonable.
F. M. TREADAWAY,
Local Agent.
Feb 20—1m

THE KEYNOTE.

Vol. 10.—1886.

The Leading Illustrated Weekly Review, Devoted to Music, Drama, Literature, Art, Society and Current Events.

THE ABLEST, BRIGHTEST AND MOST INFLUENTIAL JOURNAL OF ITS CLASS IN THE WORLD! CRITICAL! INDEPENDENT! IMPARTIAL!

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EMULSION
OF PURE
AND HYPOPHOSPHITE
OF LIME
FOR THE
CURE OF
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The Republican.

OUR CHEAP COLUMN.

Advertisements inserted in this column at one cent a word each insertion payable in advance.

For Rent. A one horse wagon and harness. Apply to LARRY CANNON.

Wanted to Buy. I want to rent the Stevenson place two miles south of Jacksonville for the ensuing year. Good buildings, good water, good fences and good soil. Apply to Stevenson & Grant.

Second. A small farm of about 30 acres with good cotton and corn crop. Apply to Stevenson & Grant.

Wanted to Sell. A small farm of about 30 acres with good cotton and corn crop. Apply to Stevenson & Grant.

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DEATH OF MISS FOUCHE.

Miss Sarah Fouché, a teacher in the State Normal school at this place, died of pneumonia Tuesday after an illness of about ten days. Some days before she was taken sick she went with a party to the mountains east of here, and it is supposed that she became overheated in climbing the rugged heights and thus laid the foundation for the disease that proved fatal to her.

During her illness she had good medical attention and the tenderest care of a sister and friends. The day previous to her death she sat up and ate a bird, and all were hopeful of her speedy recovery. During Monday night the disease took an unfavorable turn, and Monday morning her physician expressed little hopes of her recovery. Her mother and sister, of Rome, and her old family physician, Dr. Holmes, were at once telegraphed for. They came on Monday night, and were with her some hours previous to her death.

She died in full possession of her faculties and calmly made disposition of her affairs preparatory to death, which she realized was upon her. This done, she calmly met death with resignation and fortitude, and amid the tears of a broken hearted mother and sisters and loving friends, her pure spirit winged its flight to a happier and better world.

Her remains were taken to Rome Wednesday morning for interment in the family burial ground, being escorted to the train by the faculty and pupils of the school and many friends here who had learned to love her since she had been teaching here.

Her place in the school will be hard to fill. She was highly educated and was a very fine teacher, having in addition to her natural talent for her work, received a thorough course of training in the famous Normal College at Nashville.

She will be sadly missed here in the school, in society and in the church. Another will take up her work where she laid it down, but few can hope to fill her place completely. She has gone from us forever, but she has left with us the impress of her genius, the fruits of her unselfish and patient work wrought upon the minds of her pupils, and a memory it will be ever sadly sweet to cherish.

Proceedings were instituted before Judge Woods Thursday to declare the charter of Cross Plains void because of defects in the record showing the incorporation of the town. Capt. James Savage, assisted by Messrs. Brothers & Willett, represented the parties who wish to void the charter. Messrs. Caldwell, Hames & Caldwell represent town council and other parties who resisted the effort to have the charter declared void. Whichever way it may go, the case will probably go to the Supreme Court.

FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

The subscription list of the Republican is increasing at a gratifying rate, and this without any canvassing whatever on our part. To those good friends throughout the county who have sent us lists of subscribers we return thanks. From all indications the coming State and county canvass promises to be an interesting one, and the Republican will doubtless "keep up with the procession." This will render the paper more interesting than usual for the next six months. Seventy five cents will procure the paper from now until after the election, including the issue containing full returns from all the beats after the election. This sum must be sent cash in advance to secure the entry of a name upon our books. It may be sent in postage stamps, or it will be safe to send silver to that amount from any post office in the county.

PERSONAL.

Any one having a work or sale would do well to read Maj. T. W. Francis' advertisement in another column.

Mr. Frank Crawford, who formerly worked in this office, but has been in Selma of late months, is visiting his parents here.

Messrs. Henry Graham and Walter Hoke of Texas are in Jacksonville for the coming summer.

Rev. P. H. Brewster, of Cross Plains, was in Jacksonville several days of last week and paid the Republican office a pleasant call Saturday.

Two beautiful young ladies paid the Republican a pleasant pop call Thursday evening. Fortunately Scheideiman's cake was on hand and we were thus enabled to extend the hospitalities of the office.

COUNTY AFFAIRS.

MORRISVILLE.

Mr. J. N. Martin has moved to Lincoln, in Talladega county, where he is going to engage in selling groceries and grinding corn.

A life insurance agent has been in our neighborhood recently. He came and agreed with several parties that if they died, soon that he would pay their burial expenses and something over. Good man, is he not?

Miss Nellie Morris is teaching school at Morrisville. The woods seem to be full of youngsters. We have three good schools in this settlement.

Our Sunday school at Shady Glen is in a flourishing condition. It did not even go into winter quarters as they usually do.

Prof. Watson has gone to see a sick brother in Tennessee.

The health of this community is very good at this time with the exception of a full supply of whooping cough.

It is a mistake about Major Francis having a hundred Ayshire cows. He has only got ninety-nine and one of them is a Durham bull.

S. P. Howard has sold his plantation to George Adams.

J. Mich Moore has moved from Polkville to the B. Watson place. Mich says that he got tired of city life and is going to try living in the country awhile.

MARSHAL.

MARSHAL, Feb. 16.—The people are all hard at work preparing for another crop.

They have a flourishing Sunday school going on at the Cedar Springs school house.

MACK.

MACK, Feb. 16.—We regret to see so much bad weather.

Some of our farmers returned home after a week's courting in Jacksonville, and have gone about their farm work. The weather has been so unsettled that but very few farmers have sowed any oats.

Miss Mary Ann Lee is slowly recovering after a very severe spell of typhoid fever. We hope now soon she may be well again.

Mrs. Corley and family, the wife of Prof. Corley who is now teaching school in Texas, have moved back to their farm on Oatchie creek.

The Rev. Charles Phillips has moved to Alexandria valley.

There was a valentine drawing at Mr. Van Putman's the 14th inst.

CROSS PLAINS.

CROSS PLAINS, Feb. 17.—We are having beautiful weather and everybody is happy over it. We have had so much rain and mud this winter that everybody will hail the opening of spring with joy.

Some of our citizens have already commenced gardening.

We had three very fine sermons last Sunday. In the morning the Rev. S. M. Hosmer at the Methodist church; in the afternoon, Rev. Geo. D. Harris at the Baptist church, and the Rev. S. M. Hosmer again at night.

Rev. W. A. Montgomery and family of Centre, spent a few days with us last week. Their many friends in Cross Plains were glad to see them again.

Miss Ella Phillips of Sugar Valley, Ga., who had charge of the telegraph office at this place last year, spent two or three days with friends in town last week.

Mr. J. M. Bradshaw, with Cawthon & Coleman of Selma, was up last Monday to see his interesting little family.

There will be a weekly prayer meeting every Wednesday night, held alternately at the churches in town. Everybody is invited, and we hope to see these meetings largely attended.

The farmers are hauling off the fragrant guano every day. One merchant here says, that as the stuff has cheapened in price, he expects to see a large quantity used the present year.

Rev. D. L. Parrish is visiting relatives in Lebanon this week.

We regret to hear of the critical illness of Mrs. W. H. Croft who resides in the Bethel neighborhood.

Some of the boys are baiting holes in the creek, preparatory to their opening fishing campaign this spring.

The Dallas County Board of Revenue have decided to have an improved court house and have appointed a committee to determine whether the old one shall be repaired or a new one built. The weight of opinion in Dallas is in favor of a new one outright, yet the old court house of Dallas is a much better one than the old court house of Calhoun.

The state democratic executive committee has been called to meet in Montgomery the 24th.

A Good Place to Rent.

The undersigned will rent the old Stevenson place, two miles south of Jacksonville, for the year 1898, on good terms. Good house, good stable, splendid water and fine fences. Sixty to seventy acres of first-class land open for cultivation. Apply to Jan 9-21 H. L. STEVENSON.

Mr. Frank Scheideiman, Bondurant's Baker certainly understands his business—his bread and cakes can't be beat.

Fifty Thousand Dollars to Loan.

In sums of \$2500 and upwards at better rates than has been heretofore extended by us or by the banks.

For smaller loans old rates prevail. We make no loans outside of Calhoun and Cleburne.

STEVENS & GRANT. Jacksonville, Ala. Jan 30th

Go to R. H. Middleton's for your fresh meats.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For sale by Wm. M. Nisbet. May 2-1y.

Bondurant's Bakery is now in full blast and you can count on good bread hence forth.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Rogers, Station B, New York City. 10-15-1y.

One Hundred Thousand Dollars To Loan.

In sums of \$500 and upwards on farm lands in Calhoun and Cleburne. This amount is in addition to the special fund of fifty thousand dollars we have to loan, at exceptionally good rates, in sums of \$2500 and upwards.

Parties applying for loans should bring all deeds in their possession to the lands they propose to mortgage.

STEVENS & GRANT.

Subscribers Notice.

At the special request of many of our subscribers, who have written us that they will settle during court, we extend the time in which old subscriptions can be settled at the new rates to the end of the court. All who have not paid then will have to settle old subscription accounts at two dollars a year.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO.—Jacksonville.

Fresh lot Tennessee Wagons at Rowan, Dean & Co.

Buggy and wagon harness at Rowan, Dean & Co.

Cheapest line of hose (from 10 cents up) ever brought to this market at Rowan, Dean & Co's.

CROW BROS.—Jacksonville.

Go to Crow Bros. if you want to buy your groceries cheap.

Best market price paid for country produce at Crow Bros.

Our dry goods are of the best quality. No one can undersell us. Call and see for yourself.

Crow Bros.

If you want something strong to stimulate you these cold mornings, buy your coffee from Crow Bros.

Crow Bros. come this week with a large lot of ready-made clothing, cheaper than ever before offered to the trade.

Beautiful worsted for 12½ cents at Crow Bros.

Mens' suits at \$5 and up at Crow Bros.

Mens' overcoats at \$4.50 to \$12 at Crow Bros.

We have splendid line of Trunks very cheap. Call and see before buying. Crow Bros.

Crow Bros. have a large stock of groceries just received which you will find at rock-bottom prices.

Boys' suits at \$4 and up at Crow Bros.

Boys' overcoats at \$2.50 at Crow Bros.

We have just received a large lot of fancy and stick candies, oranges, apples, coconuts, desiccated cocoanut, figs, raisins, codfish, hering, pearl grits, navy beans, dried apples and peaches, and will receive in a few days the largest and best selected stock of toys and fancy goods we ever brought to Jacksonville. We hope all who desire to buy Christmas goods will call and examine our stock before purchasing. Crow Bros.

JOE B. PATTON, Rome, Ga.

Sash, Doors and Blinds.

Build up your own section by patronizing home industry.

Joe B. Patton has the only Sash, Door and Blind Factory in North Ga.

Headquarters for Paints, Oil, Glass, and general Builders supplies. Rome, Ga. Send for prices before purchasing.

B. F. Wilson,

Attorney at Law,

TALLADEGA, ALA.

Will practice in the counties of Talladega, Calhoun and all surrounding counties.

N. B. FEAGAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, ANNISTON, ALA.

Office near room over Hill, Hardy & Co's store, Noble street. my 21-1y

CALDWELL, HAMES & CALDWELL, Attorneys at Law. JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

J. G. Hudson,

Notary Public & Ex-Officio Justice of THE PEACE.

DeArmanville, Alabama.

Courts fourth Saturday in each month. Marriage license for sale. Jan 31st.

Jas. S. Kelly.

Notary Public and Ex-Officio JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

At Oxford, Ala.

Courts 2nd Saturday in each month. Sept 13-6m

Blacksmith and Woodshop.

Depot St., Jacksonville, Ala.

The undersigned has recently opened up an excellent Blacksmith and Woodshop, supplied with the best of tools and appliances, and is now prepared to do all work in his line.

Promptly, Cheaply and Well.

Stephen McLean is the Blacksmith. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. J. F. DEAL. Dec 15th

JAMES CHOOK, Jacksonville, Ala.

S. D. G. BROTHERS, Jacksonville, Ala.

GROOK, BROTHERS & WILLET,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville and Anniston.

W. C. LAND, WATCHMAKER,

And Jeweler,

Jacksonville, Alabama.

Will resume the Watch and Jewelry repairing on all Good Watches. A Good Stock of materials on hand at all times. Agent for the Elgin Watch Co., and agent for the Meridian Cutlery Co.

JAS. HUTCHISON,

HAIR DRESSER AND BARBER,

(Jacksonville Hotel.)

JACKSONVILLE, ALA. Jan 30-1y

BAKERY

AND

Confectionery

C. E. Bondurant, Prop'r.

I will keep constantly on hand fresh Bread, Cakes and all kinds of confectionery. I also have a full line of choice family groceries. A supply of bread and cakes will be kept on sale at the store of Porter, Martin & Co., all orders left with them will receive prompt attention. Ladies are respectfully invited to call and witness the making of all articles. C. E. BONDURANT. Jan 30-1y Depot Street.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

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Jacksonville

Republican

PUBLISHED JAN. 21, 1837.

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, FEB. 27, 1886.

PRICE \$1.50 A YEAR.

SHORT TALKS

ON VARIOUS TOPICS OF CURRENT INTEREST.

The testimony now being taken by the State Board of Inspectors as to the treatment of county convicts at the Smith convict farm in Tallapoosa county, shows up very badly indeed and points to the imperative necessity for further legislation as to this class of convicts.

The Legislature of 1880-1, by a joint committee of the two houses, investigated the condition of the State convicts, and the report of that committee led to legislation at that and subsequent sessions which has secured to State convicts humane treatment; but the county convicts have not been so well looked after, that being left a great measure to the Commissioners Courts of the various counties. The result is that we now have a repetition of the terrible stories of brutal treatment, as the county convicts, that once aroused the public conscience and compelled the application of a remedy by the Legislature as to the State convicts.

The next Legislature should pass a law placing the county convicts as the State convicts now are, under the care and at the disposal of the State Board of Inspectors, taking away from the County Commissioners any control over or disposition of them whatever.

The Legislature should also pass such laws as would encourage the counties to take them and work them on the public roads, where they would not only not come in conflict with honest labor but would relieve it of what is now a burden. The employment of this character would in itself secure better treatment for them. Where their labor is controlled by private parties for personal gain, the temptation is always to get the most possible out of them, without regard to their physical well being. Where they are employed for the benefit of the public at large the incentive to drive them to tasks above their strength is lacking.

The state of facts so far developed at the Smith farm shows two things conclusively, namely: 1st. That Smith and the men he has had in his employment as guards of the convicts ought to be rigorously prosecuted and put in the chain-gang themselves, if there is any law for it. 2nd. That another physician should be selected to take the place of the one now employed by the State—a man not quite so considerate of the convenience of men like Smith.

Alex. Crews, one of the victims of the horrible cruelties practiced at the Smith farm, is already dead and somebody will have to answer at the bar of God for his murder. Jim Smith, another victim of like cruelty, is at the point of death and seven others are confined to bed with frostbite or disease superinduced by exposure to cold during the late extremely cold weather.

The testimony of Smith in his own behalf does not improve his case. He unconsciously tells of his indifference to the welfare of the poor creatures placed by the State in his keeping, his penuriousness, the cruelty of the scoundrels whom he placed over them as guards, the freedom he gave these scoundrels to beat the poor creatures whenever a brutal instinct suggested such a course. He even tells how he himself took a hand, occasionally without thinking to enquire of his guards before hand if any of them had not already performed the repulsive task, and drolls with a degree ofunction upon how he stripped and beat the poor creature now dead for trying to escape, when it appears the man had already received a flogging at the hands of one of the guards for the same thing. He admits enough to place himself without the pale of humanity even when he tries to put the best face

on the affair and renders the statements of those who testify as to his brutality easy of belief.

Such a tale of human helplessness, human suffering and human cruelty has not been told in the State since the cry of the convict was first heard from the depths of the coal mines, by sympathetic ears, years ago. It is a reproduction of one of Victor Hugo's most graphic and most terrible pictures from French criminal life. It is a repetition of the story of the galley slave under the Roman yoke.

Surely these men must be monsters in crime who are thus worked barefooted and thinly clad in cotton goods in the midst of such a winter as the past one, worked and exposed until the flesh swells and festers and, rotting, falls from their bones, and who while in this pitiful condition are scourged for an instinctive effort to fly from the horrors of their situation—frozen and beaten and overtasked until life itself abandons its lathsome tenement. Surely they must be monsters, outside the pale of pity, to be thus treated? Not at all. They are not bad enough for the penitentiary. Their worst offense at most was a misdemeanor, made so by statutory law, and involving no moral turpitude whatever. They were perhaps caught playing cards, or were found with a concealed weapon or had engaged in a fight, or had used vulgar language in the presence of females of their own race more vicious perhaps than themselves. They are all negroes, and our readers all know the character of misdemeanors for which people of this race are constantly up before the courts. More, than likely, the poor creatures were as industrious, as humble, as faithful and as religious as the mass of their fellows, and as good citizens as could be well expected of them with their opportunities in life.

The blood of Alex. Crews and the suffering of other of Smith's victims appeal most eloquently to a sentiment both of mercy and of justice in the people of the State. Public sentiment should enforce the conviction and punishment of the men who have been guilty of the atrocities practiced on Smith's farm. An aroused public conscience should institute an enquiry as the continuance of a system under which such things as this investigation has brought out are possible. Who knows how many other county convicts are suffering like horrors? Three or four counties had convicts at Smith's farm, but it does not appear that the Commissioners of either of those counties ever looked after their welfare.

It will be nearly a year before the Legislature can remedy the matter. What is to be done meanwhile? If Commissioners Courts of the counties will not spend money and incur trouble in looking after their county convicts, it is better that every poor devil brought before the courts between now and then for misdemeanors, not involving moral turpitude, should be discharged without trial than that another man should be consigned to the fate of the men on Smith's farm.

The State papers are crying out against the proposed consolidation of the coal companies owning lands in the Warrior coal fields. They see danger to individual interests in such large aggregations of capital and consequent monopoly. The future great struggle in this country will be between the masses of the people and the monopolies. Aggregated capital is powerful, aggressive, intensely selfish and utterly careless of individual rights and interests. It is ever seeking to control government in its own interest. It already has a powerful hold upon National, State and County governments. Nothing short of absolute dominion will satisfy it, and then will follow oppression of the people, revolution and universal

ruin. It is the part of wisdom for the people to most jealously guard against the insidious encroachments of monopoly, and the press does well to raise the warning voice.

Senator Morgan, in his speech against the Blair bill, disclosed the fact that he is either a disciple of Prof. Sumner of Yale, or that there is a wonderful similarity in the habits of thought of the two men as to the relation the social classes bear to each other. Both use the argument that the rugged and industrious man should not be taxed to school the child of the loafer who will not work. Both use sight of the child, who is in no wise responsible for his advent into this world. The South may be taxed more than she will ever get back under the bill; but we would remind Senator Morgan that if the money is not used for the purpose of schooling the children of thriftless (if he pleases) parents in the South, it will be given to the dead-weights up North in the shape of pensions. Between the two uses, we should rather see it applied here, where there is a chance to secure some of the benefits flowing from its disbursement. The great pension steal will reconcile the people of the South to other steals calculated to equalize things in a measure. If we could have a government, economically administered and raising only enough revenue to so administer it, with all steals and jobs cut off, the South could well afford to stand on the ground occupied by her statesmen prior to the war. But this cannot be, and Southern men could go for all in sight.

TARIFF REFORM.

The Pittsburg Post, talking about the Morrison tariff bill, says: "We do not think our Republican Congressmen owe anything to the Republican manufacturers and capitalists. Every two years they are assailed by these manufacturers as free traders, no matter what happens or how they vote. They owe their allegiance, however, to the Chicago platform, which declares in favor of tariff revision and reform, but that any reduction in duties 'shall not deprive American labor from competing successfully with foreign labor.' The Republican platform also declared in favor of tariff reform that would remove the irregularities of the existing system. Both parties are pledged to this policy. To say in advance there shall be no legislation on the subject only invites continuous agitation, and if agitation is injurious to the best interests, the best way to put an end to it is to pay some attention to the grievances that agitate."

Some sort of tariff revision is necessary to get rid of the surplus in the treasury or it will be squandered. If all the pension grabs should succeed, the cost will exceed \$500,000,000. At this rate pensioners even the Chicago Tribune throws up its hands and says: "This is not paying pensions, it is public robbery." Let us get rid of the surplus by keeping it in the pockets of the people.—Montgomery Advertiser.

Who are Candidates?

Who are the candidates for Representatives in Calhoun county? We presume there will be more than one. We also like to know who wants to be Senator from this district. Don't be afraid to let your wants be known. We have heard of some "secret" candidates and, if you don't speak out, we may make our selections before we know you are in the field. Everybody must vote you know and every one will have his choice in voting. Just here, let us ask the people to speak their sentiments on a convention. We would like to see organized Democracy in old Calhoun. It would save some of the candidates a great deal of trouble and expense, as some of them must be left. If the people would attend their beat meetings and send their delegates instructed, then every beat would be properly represented. This is merely a suggestion. We are not making any light for a convention. If the citizens are pleased without one, we are.—Cross Plains Post.

There will be no election for Senator in this District at the coming election. Senator Alexander's term does not expire for two years yet. The next Senator for this District will be elected in 1888. Half the Districts in the State only elect Senators this time.

COOSA VALLEY DISTRICT.

News from Surrounding Counties.

TALLADEGA COUNTY.

Mr. Jno. E. Ware, in a card to the Talladega Mountain Home decides to become a candidate for the Legislature.

Frank McCain, of Renfro, accidentally fell on the cut-off saw at the Renfro Saw mills and his right hand was cut severely.

W. F. Burk has opened an extensive cooling near Sycamore.

Talladega city council have stopped Sunday shelling and the barbers say they are glad of it, because they have always wished to rest Sunday.

Tax collector Camp of Talladega county collected nine thousand dollars in one day recently.

The Alpine Baptist church at Talladega county has called Rev. H. M. Lane, pastor of Cave Spring and Jacksonville Baptist churches to become their pastor also.

Geo. W. Chambers continues to buy real estate in the city and county of Talladega. He has great faith in Talladega and has some much to develop the county.

Mr. Slack Jemison jr., with his family has moved to Talladega town.

Probate Judge Miller refused to grant license for the sale of liquor in Childersburg.

The prohibition case from Talladega has gone to the Supreme Court and will be decided very soon.

Mr. H. M. Burt of Talladega is shipping cotton seed in large quantities to the "Back Belt" of Alabama.

The family of the late Col. Paul Bradford, of Talladega, have broken up the children going to relatives of the family. It is remembered that Mrs. Bradford did not survive her husband long and the children were left fatherless and motherless.

Several thousand more acres of land have been returned this year for taxes in Talladega than formerly.

Judge Wm. H. Thornton is very low with paralysis.

The county Democratic Executive Committee of Talladega county is called to meet the 6th of March to fix a time for holding a county convention.

CLEBURNE COUNTY.

And now Edwardsville wants a brass band.

Edwardsville is short on church buildings, but will have them soon, if she continues to progress like she has been doing the past few months.

Up to February 15th 1891 bales of cotton had been sold in Edwardsville and the fleecy staple was still rolling in.

Cleburne sends her convicts to the convict farm at Dadeville. If this is the Smith farm, where recent events show convicts are badly treated, the county Commissioners of Cleburne should take the county convicts away.

Mr. Rolly Williams of Cleburne raised last year 1063 pounds of tobacco on less than an acre of land.

Mrs. Murrell, of Lecta, dropped dead recently.

Mr. Wm. Snodderth, sr. and Mrs. J. A. Mitchell, of Lecta, were married recently.

An Edwardsville man sued out an attachment for a \$90 debt and the cost has already amounted to \$650 and the case is yet unsettled.

Mrs. Cook of Cleburne, who was reported as dead, is improving and likely to get well.

The Edwardsville hotel is now in charge of Prof. Sox.

Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Ligon, of Hedlin, lost a fifteen months old child by death recently.

Married near Hedlin, on the 14th instant, Mr. J. T. Heath and Miss Mollie Hardy.

Also, on the 11th instant, near Hedlin, by J. R. Davies, J. P., Mr. D. G. Blackwell and Miss N. A. Fox.

Also, near Edwardsville, on the 11th instant, by J. M. Hogan, Esq., Mr. C. J. Easterwood and Miss Rena Cheatwood.

Also, near Muscadine, on the 5th instant, by Rev. J. M. Boman, Mr. T. M. Barker and Miss L. D. Anderson.

Also, near Bell's Mills, on the 7th instant, by J. W. Cox, J. P., Mr. W. P. Salders and Miss J. A. Mitchell.

The young lady at work in the Edwardsville Standard office takes charge of the local columns of the paper when Bro. Yarbrough goes off to eat out neighboring communities.

ETOWAH COUNTY.

Gadsden papers want to have a fair in that town next fall.

Hokes Bluff wants a blacksmith.

Wheat and oats about Hokes Bluff frozen out.

The News thinks it would cause a sensation to publish the names of all the church members of Gadsden who buy lottery tickets.

Black birds along the Coosa have grown fat from the rotter corn left by the overflow. Hundreds of them are killed daily and found very palatable.

A vote was recently taken among the lawyers attending Gadsden circuit court as to where they wanted the State Convention held. Thirteen were Montgomery and three for Mobile.

The Gadsden furnace will blow in again in about thirty days and steamers will be engaged in freighting wood, coal and iron for the company.

Coon Penn, a young man formerly of Gadsden, was recently poisoned by a man named Shackelford at Green Pond on the Alabama Great Southern railroad. Coon Penn took the strychnine in whiskey offered him by Shackelford. A woman was at the bottom of it.

Mrs. Bettie Coats, of Coats Bend, died the 13th.

The Times thinks Gadsden should have rolling mills. When she gets the railroad to Jacksonville she will have rolling mills and many other things to push her forward to a large growth.

There is talk of establishing a telephone line between Gadsden and Centre.

The man that builds the railroad from this city to Jacksonville will have a fine monument erected to perpetuate his memory.—Gadsden Times.

Col. Bob Kyle will do it. The property owners of Gadsden will only come half up to what their manifest interest dictates.

The Gadsden Lumber Company have an order for 1,425,000 feet of lumber.

The minutes of the Etowah Baptist Association are ready for delivery at the Times office.

J. H. Wisdom, of Hokes Bluff, recently killed five hogs weighing 1,364 pounds. His name suits him.

Capt. J. J. Seay of the White Star line of steamers on the Coosa will make an effort to develop the Coosa river country and will run excursions and largely advertise it.

Mr. J. A. Tallman, the tax assessor of Etowah county is sick, and Mr. J. F. Woodliff will attend to his business until he gets well.

Miss Sallie Webb, of Gadsden, got badly hurt by a fall from a buggy near Dukes Station in this county and was confined to bed several days by her injuries.

Deputy U. S. Marshal Willford captured a copper still of 100 gallons capacity and a large quantity of beer and other material a few days ago, near Coveville, in Etowah county. The still was an illicit one. John W. Ellis, F. W. Webster, W. P. Whit and A. H. Cox were captured while operating the still, and acknowledged that they were the owners of it.

A Union meeting has been going on in Gadsden for over a week and much interest is manifested. Three sermons a day are preached. The meeting will continue.

H. Herzburg & Co. have sold their entire stock of merchandise to A. Guman & Co.

ST. CLAIR COUNTY

Some of the Nobles, of Anni-ton, have been over investing in the Black Creek Coal fields of St. Clair, says the Eegis.

Great activity prevails among the farmers of St. Clair.

Mrs. S. P. Cobb, of Canoe Creek, died recently.

The County Commissioners of St. Clair, says the Eegis, transacted more business at their last session than ever before.

Four new beats will be formed in St. Clair, namely, Grassy Cove, Cooke's Springs, Eden and Seaden.

The Eegis wants a full attendance at the coming County Convention of St. Clair and an old fashioned Democratic revival.

Broken Arrow mines show considerable improvement.

Thos. Moore of Beat 10 has been appointed a member of the County Executive Committee by the Chairman of the County Executive Committee.

Ashville Literary Society is flourishing. The last meeting was at the residence of Judge Box, the

next meeting will be at Judge Inzer's.

D. A. McCain is announced as Circuit Clerk of St. Clair. He says to the people of St. Clair that he has never voted any but a Democratic ticket.

CHEROKEE COUNTY.

Rev. P. H. Brewster writes "Shrop" of the News a card in which he rebukes him for his late capers on the subject of dancing. "Shrop" is in no wise dismayed by the prospect of a fight with the preachers and says: "When we observe a man of God straining at a mosquito and swallowing a leprosy, we have very little faith in such shepherds." Notwithstanding this bold stand, we are afraid the preachers will eventually get away with "Shrop."

The Commissioners Court of Cherokee advertise the sale of one hundred and seventy-four lots in the town of Cedar Bluff.

Mr. J. W. Stinson and Miss Ida Brannon of Howell's X Roads were married on the 14th.

Robt. McGhee, who has been attending Vanderbilt University will commence the practice of medicine of Cherokee.

The playful cyclone paid a visit to the neighborhood of Leesburg, February 11, 1886. About dusk on that evening the atmosphere was much disturbed and lively the twister struck the ground near the store of Mr. Jos. A. Daniels, demolished the building, destroyed his stock of goods, blew down his well house, cleared up an acre or two of timber land, and rebounded into the upper air, continuing its flight without further injury to that locality. No lives were lost. Mr. Daniels lost considerable, and we understand his friends will assist him in getting on his feet again. No damage has been reported from other places and the supposition is that the cyclone spent its force at a safe distance from terra firma.—Cherokee News.

Joe Kirk and John Perry were convicted of selling whiskey at Leesburg and found over to appear at the next term of court.

Mrs. Morrison of Tecumseh who has been sick, is improving.

Rock Rex, Ala. Feb. 18—Robert Eason died yesterday of pneumonia. He leaves a wife and two children, and many friends to mourn for whom sympathy and good know no bounds. He was a kind, loving husband, an indulgent father, and was much beloved by all who knew him.

Mrs. J. W. Ivey, after being married only thirteen months, died today.

A Business Man's Opinion.

Two years ago I took S. S. S. for a case of mercurial rheumatism, which had been afflicting me for ten years. I have waited this long before writing in order that I could be sure that I was cured, and that there would be no return of the disease. The cure has been complete, and I never fail to recommend Swift's Specific to those who suffer as I did. I know I cannot say too much for it. One should always be proud of the bridge that takes him over the stream.

R. J. GEXING, Chicago, Ill., Nov. 1, 1895.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga. New York, 157 W. 23d St.

Jacksonville and the Post.

Take away the readers of the Post and Jacksonville will not have many families left. Jacksonville has more literary talent than any other place in the county, hence we are bound to feel compensated by the liberal patronage that her citizens have given the Post.—Cross Plains Post.

Miraculous Escape.

W. W. Reed, druggist, of Winchester, Ind., writes: "One of my customers, Mrs. Louisa Pike, of Brown, Randolph Co., Ind., was a long sufferer with Consumption, and was given up to die by her physicians. She heard of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and began taking it of me. In six months time she walked to this city, a distance of six miles, and is now so much improved she has quit using it. She feels she does not die to it." Free Trial Bottles at W. M. Nisbet's Drug Store, Nashville, Tenn.

A Good Place for Investment.

Cross Plains is an inviting place for the investment of capital. Northern Capitalists need not pass the town by. This place is bound to give birth to manufacturing enterprises in the near future.—Cross Plains Post.

The best is the cheapest. Buy Shiner's Indian Vermifuge, as it is guaranteed to destroy and expel worms—the child's greatest enemy.

STATE NEWS.

FROM ALL PARTS OF ALABAMA.

Mr. Alijah Haley was recently appointed county superintendent of Pike county, and upon taking charge of the books, discovered that Mr. T. J. Stephenson, his predecessor, was a defaulter to the amount of five thousand dollars. Stephenson's bondsmen say they will make good the deficit.

W. H. Clanton is mentioned for the legislature from Jackson county.

Lauderdale county Democrats will hold a primary election to-day the 27th.

Col. Johnson, Editor of the Cullman Tribune, has been appointed tax assessor of Cullman county.

Fifty thousand dollars has been subscribed toward a hundred and fifty thousand dollar furnace in Sheffield. Work will begin when half the money is subscribed.

Marion has three candidates for town marshal.

"The Mobile Register" thinks that Lowndes county started out conventioning to soon.

"The Mobile Register" takes the fence on the subject of the consolidated coal land monopoly.

There will be a lively campaign in Macon county for probate judge says "Tuskegee News."

John Sylvester a Selma negro was recently painfully stabbed by two negroes and a white man because he told one of the negroes to get out of his yard.

Mobile is to have the electric light.

\$1600 has been raised in Montgomery for a charity hospital.

Miss Nellie Walker, of Hanceville, while taking a horseback ride recently, came near being drowned while attempting to ford Moberry river, at Collin's mill. On reaching the current she became dizzy and fell from her horse into the swift river below, which lifted her a distance of one hundred yards below. Planting her foot against a rock she held her position until two gentlemen who had been attracted by the cries of her companion, Miss Lela Whorton, came and rescued her.

A Methodist University is soon to be built in Birmingham, at a cost of \$200,000.

Birmingham gave work to 38 crumps in the mines last week.

The census, recently taken in Birmingham, gives that city a population of 21,247 inhabitants.

Greensboro has a matrimonial club. The young men pay five dollars initiation fee and one dollar monthly dues. When a member marries he gets \$100. Good scheme but some are going to get left.

A Law student, Thos. Coles Wilson, of Montgomery, committed suicide at Dr. Read's residence, Tuscaloosa, by shooting himself through the head, with a Smith & Wesson revolver. Death was instantaneous.

With this issue of the 17th "The Pine Apple Enterprise" suspends publication.

Dr. John A. Broadus is to preach the commencement sermon for the schools at Marion on the third Sabbath in June.

Correspondents of papers in different parts of the state are advising that candidates be nominated by primary elections.

Hon. Samuel C. Muhlen, member of the Legislature from Mobile the session of 1889-1 is dead.

A Methodist preacher named Anthony committed suicide in Jefferson county after attending the meeting of a dying father also a Methodist preacher. A few days ago.

Franklin county will hold a Democratic convention for the purpose of nominating county officers the 15th of March.

Over a hundred buildings are going up in Selma.

Judge Hedlin is a candidate for Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

Dr. Cochran, State Health officer has visited the Smith convict farm near Dadeville and testifies that six of the men are now suffering with frost-bite.

Tut's pills and turpentine was the remedy administered by Smith to his frost-bitten convicts when they were too sick to work.

Willie Smith was accidentally shot and instantly killed at Pensacola Junction a few days ago by a gun in the hands of Tom Howard, a friend of his.

"The Huntsville Mercury" is authority for the statement that there will perhaps be opposition to the nomination of Gen. Wheeler for congress.

The Republican.

FEBRUARY 27, 1886.

Calhoun has 21 delegates in the State Democratic Convention, and stands third on the list of counties; but truth and candor compel us to say that few men in the county believe he is honestly entitled to them.

It is a well founded belief and a partly ascertained fact, borne out both by grand jury investigation and subsequent elections, that two or three hundred of the votes on which this representation is based were fraudulently cast.

Nine-tenths of the good people of the county believe this to be so, and, so believing, do not desire more representation for the county in the State Convention than her honest vote entitles her to. No high-minded, honorable man cares to become the beneficiary of fraud.

Calhoun can well afford to lose the additional delegate this fraud upon the ballot box gives her, for she will then still rank fourth in the list of counties, and can cast her twenty votes for the men of her choice with a clear conscience and without a blush.

In the future the county will have no more such trouble as this. It grew out of a little mistake in the last State election—a mistake on the part of a few persons in the county in taking the high-minded, pure-blooded, self-respecting, independent white men of Calhoun for a lot of South Alabama negroes, who would never understand or never resent a fraud put upon them at the ballot box.

There has been a good deal of nonsense indulged in by those opposed to the building of the new court house, but the most entirely nonsensical suggestion yet made is that the Commissioners Court did what it did "outside of the law." Men who talk that way only discredit their own good sense. The Code sets out specially the powers of the Commissioners Court, and there is not a schoolboy in the county but would know better than to talk such foolishness after he had read that chapter in the Code. The Commissioners would simply have been fools to have exceeded their powers and the contractor would have been a fool to have accepted a contract not legally awarded and the people of Jacksonville would have been fools not to have advised against any action of the Court not strictly legal.

All talk of trickery and illegal means in connection with this matter is only to impose on the minds of simple-minded people for election purposes, and is very creditable to the men who engage in it.

From all appearances candidates for the Legislature in Calhoun will have great difficulty in satisfying all demands made upon them. The Hot Blast wants them to declare for the whipping post; the Watchman wants them to pronounce in favor of a stock law; the REPUBLICAN would like to see them manifest a willingness to secure legislation by which Calhoun could work her own and the convicts of other counties upon her public roads, if found practicable. The people will have very many questions to ask them as to whether they will favor this or that measure, some very silly people will want to know whether they favor this or that locality in the county and some fool will want to know whether or not they are members of "the ring," and the poor fellows will be almost worried to death before they get through with the canvass.

People from the country who are coming into Jacksonville every day all go and look for those defects in the court house discovered by Sam Noble's Hot Blast, and the universal verdict is "what a whopper that newspaper did tell."

It is rumored that the Frost Mountain Iron Company will erect a furnace at their iron mines about three miles from Amberson.

The Democratic State Convention meets in Montgomery June 2nd.

The contests of the labor unions throughout the country with aggregated capital of life has almost everywhere resulted in favor of the workingmen. Labor is fast learning that it can combine as well as capital, and that so combined, it is amply able to take care of itself. The fairest political economists of the day concede the necessity for labor unions, as a means of protection to the interests of the workingmen. The REPUBLICAN does not care to conceal the fact that it favors labor unions and rejoices at every victory of the workingmen either by strikes or boycotts, where their demands are just and reasonable or where the strike or boycott is ordered to remedy some injustice put upon the workingmen by large employers of labor. It is only through such organizations as the Knights of Labor that the workingmen can be adequately protected. At a future day we may discuss this subject more fully.

THE STATE CONVENTION.

Montgomery Advertiser.

The Executive Committee met yesterday, and as will be seen from the proceedings elsewhere published, there was a full attendance. The business in hand was promptly attended to, and preparations made for opening the canvass. Mobile was ably represented before the committee, and Mr. Lyon and Col. Hodgson made handsome speeches in advocacy of the Gulf City as the place for the convention to be held. The vote, however, disclosed the fact that the committee was practically unanimous for Montgomery, only two votes being cast for Mobile. The date fixed for the assembling of the convention June 2nd, will suit the convenience of those who attend better, perhaps, than any other time that could have been agreed upon.

The number of delegates will be over 700, making the largest convention ever held in Alabama. The counties according to the list agreed upon will be entitled to delegates as follows: Autauga 1, Baldwin 4, Barbour 18, Bibb 8, Blount 13, Bullock 7, Butler 16, Calhoun 21, Chambers 19, Cherokee 16, Chilton 9, Choctaw 4, Clarke 8, Clay 8, Cleburne 6, Coffee 8, Collier 8, Conecuh 7, Coosa 9, Covington 5, Crenshaw 11, Cullman 6, Dale 11, Dallas 21, DeKalb 8, Elmore 10, Escambia 8, Etowah 12, Fayette 8, Franklin 6, Geneva 2, Greene 8, Hale 16, Henry 11, Jackson 14, Jefferson 18, Lamar 10, Lauderdale 9, Lawrence 7, Lee 10, Limestone 11, Lowndes 17, Macon 9, Madison 16, Marengo 20, Marion 5, Marshall 11, Mobile 25, Monroe 4, Montgomery 23, M'Kean 8, Perry 16, Pickens 13, Pike 15, Randolph 13, Russell 13, Shelby 12, St. Clair 8, Sumner 9, Talladega 10, Tallapoosa 17, Tuscaloosa 18, Walker 4, Washington 15, Wilcox 17, Winston 1. This makes a total of 722 delegates, and their appearance here will make things exceedingly interesting.

A WORD TO CITIZEN PLANTERS.

The New Orleans Picayune talks sensibly on the policy to be pursued by Southern cotton planters, so sensibly indeed, that we cannot refrain from giving its remarks entire.

The outlook of the Southern cotton planters for the coming season, says the Picayune, is certainly not a cheerful one. The staple is selling at unusually low prices, and there is no prospect of any material improvement. The increase of nearly a million of bales in the American crop of 1885 has so replenished the supplies that with the depression in trade prevailing throughout the world the market has dropped and prices have reached extremely low figures. That current rates leave no margin of profit for the producer scarcely admits of a doubt, though the crop was made more cheaply than at any time since the war.

It is safe to say that but for the bounteous grain crops of the South last season the situation would be as worse than it is.

The policy to be pursued relative to planting this spring ought not to be a matter of doubt. Nothing but force of habit and obstinacy can induce large cotton planting this year. The risks of loss are so great that planters should, one and all, determine to reduce their cotton acreage and devote more land to home supplies. Any commercial crop—that is, one that has to be shipped to market and sold at current rates—is hazardous in the extreme with trade in its present condition. And we candidly confess we can see nothing on which to base any hopes of an early reaction. It is a time above all others when planters should pick as little as possible and turn their attention to those products of the soil which they can consume at home. If they cannot make money, they can at least avoid a loss; and unless there should be a vast improvement in the general business situation, a large cotton crop in 1886, such as could be made on the usual acreage with a nominal increase in the area, might put prices at figures never known before.

COUNTY AFFAIRS.

BIRMINGHAM.

The last few days being pleasant has made a considerable change on the farms, nearly everybody is done sowing oats, some are breaking up their land getting ready to plant, and but few are neglecting their gardens. The talk among the farmers is, they are going to raise more corn, and less cotton this year.

There has been more pork killed this winter than usual in this settlement, and some very large hogs have been slaughtered. L. C. Coker & Bro., of Beasley, killed the largest hog that I have heard of thus far. It weighed 512 lbs., net weight.

Mr. W. B. Glen, killed four wild turkeys at one shot one day last week, and did not take good aim at them, or he would have killed the whole flock.

Mr. Frank Turner one of the best fiddlers in the state has not been able to draw a bow in several days, it is his first bow, a bouncing boy baby.

Mr. Elbert Lacey and family who have been spending several weeks visiting their kindred and friends in this county, started back to Texas to-day.

Mr. J. L. Willbanks raised some of the largest turkeys that ever grew in this country last year. One of them measured 33 inches in circumference. He carried a wagon load to Anniston and sold them at 10 to 15 cents apiece.

ANNISTON.

Mr. Bowling, the town Marshal of Anniston, has resigned to take a job on the extension of the G. A. Pacific R. R. and the new council have elected W. P. Hunter to take his place.

The street railroad company now operating a road from Oxford to the limits of Anniston seem to be as far from getting into Anniston as ever. A new company of Annistonians has been formed, who will, if the growth of the town ever justifies it, build a street car line in Anniston and extend a road line to Oxford and Oxonia.

A correspondent of the Watchman here brought forward uncle Johnny Lloyd for the Legislature, but the old gentleman declines to make the race.

The local press have it that Mr. Hosea Dean will move to Anniston to live as soon as he can procure a suitable house. It has been known here for some time that Mr. Dean was very partial to Anniston, but not until lately that he loved us so well as to forsake the beautiful Alexandria valley to be with us every day and Sunday too.

The Watchman promised us a big sensation with startling developments some ten days ago, but somehow or other it has not materialized up to date, and we are left to speculate as to "what might have been." Your correspondent thinks he can guess the developments the paper thought it was on, not so much off, and the failure of materialization only goes to show that the "best laid schemes of mice and men gang aft aglee."

If you want to disgust an Annistonian now thoroughly, just say "boom" at him. But we live in hope of a slow and healthy growth, like other towns of the county, and after all, this is best for all interests.

EULATIONS.

Enterprise, Feb. 22, 1886.

Health of this community generally very good. Farmers so busily engaged in their fields to give much attention to county politics.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Gamaway lost by death their bright little daughter, Hattie, aged two years, a few days ago.

Mr. J. Harris and Miss Rodgers were married the 21st inst., by Esquire J. P. Ford.

DEARBORNVILLE.

Dearbornville, Feb. 22

Mrs. Allen, the wife of the late Hudson Allen, died at her home near this place the night of the 20th. She was a very estimable, christian lady and her death is deplored by a large circle of friends, kindred and acquaintance here. No other news of importance.

WHITE PLAINS.

White Plains, Feb. 15.

Have you any oats for sale? Some body ought to save oats.

The health of our village is improving. The people move with a vim.

Miss Bettie Bullock who has been on a visit to Dr. Evans' has returned home.

The young people are happy, Spring is coming.

WHITE PLAINS, Feb. 22nd—Look out for candidates, they are coming!

Beautiful weather, this for the farmer.

Our hunters went out with a large pack of hounds to chase Mr. Fox, but Mr. Fox played a good joke on them, he didn't chase worth a cent. The result, "Oh, I am so sleepy." DRUMMER.

MAKES.

MAKES, Feb. 22, 1886.

We rejoice to see some more nice and pleasant weather.

Farmers are now busy sowing oats.

There was singing at Mt. Gilead church last Sunday evening at 2 o'clock.

We very much regret to learn of Miss Fouché's death.

We learn that Mr. John Graves, who has been employed under Messrs Graves, Tumbling & Co., will return to his home in Georgia in a few days. John is a good boy and we regret to give him up.

Mr. George Heathcock will visit Florida this spring.

A little girl of M. B. Dickinson happened to a very serious accident on last Saturday by going too close to the fire. The blaze caught her dress. The scream of the child soon brought in her older sister who was in another room. Seeing her dress was on fire, the sister removed the clothes at once. The child was badly burned but we hope not fatally so.

CROSS PLAINS.

Cross Plains, Feb. 25.—We

have been having fine weather for gardening and every body seems to have taken advantage of it. Your humble correspondent has been very busy preparing the soil and putting in Irish potatoes, peas, onions &c., and already has visions of early vegetables.

Rev. J. V. Rhodes, our worthy tax assessor, was in town last Tuesday and Wednesday assessing the State and county taxes. He preached a very interesting sermon at the Baptist church Tuesday night.

The wife of Mr. Thomas Stewart of Goshen Valley died very suddenly of a congestive chill.

Messrs. J. A. Woolf and Ollie Johnson have formed a partnership in the family grocery business.

Dr. J. L. Hughes has been on a visit to Cedartown Ga.

Our citizens now have two routes by rail to Rome, Ga. By way of the East Tenn. road and the East & West and Rome & Carrollton roads. The difference, in distance, either way, is but little, and we suppose tickets will cost about the same over both routes as soon as the schedule on the latter road is regularly established.

In the matter of transportation Cross Plains is very highly favored as we are in easy railroad communication with all prominent points around us. Our freight rates are already very reasonable, and when the East & West road is opened to Birmingham, we expect to have every advantage in these particulars enjoyed by the large cities. So you see Mr. Editor, ours is a very fine business point.

We notice that cotton continues to come in every day and brings the highest cash price. Notwithstanding this, we hear the cry on all sides, "No money." This is passing strange.

Dr. W. W. Little of Stanton, Ala., was up on a visit last Saturday and Sunday.

Rev. Wiley Rorton of the Amoson circuit was in town Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

Miss Ocie Clements of Rome, Ga., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Dr. Hughes.

A Young Men's Christian Association was organized at the Baptist church last Friday night. This is a good move and we hope to see it encouraged by all our christian people. We understand the young men will establish a reading room very soon.

Safe and Jewelry Burglary.

Oxford, Ala., Feb. 24.—The jewelry store of C. E. Hendrickson, at Oxford, was broken into last night and robbed of all his valuable jewelry. The safe was also opened and robbed of all the money it contained. No clue to the thief.

A white man named Ward is to be hanged soon in Dale county for murder. The Governor has refused to commute the sentence to imprisonment for life.

Rev. Mr. Parker has been recently appointed superintendent of the American Bible Society for Alabama and Florida.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL
And Hypophosphates of Lime & Soda

Almost as Palatable as Milk.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and tolerated for a long time by delicate stomachs.
AND AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANEMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, AND ALL WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN IT IS MARVELOUS IN ITS RESULTS.
Prescribed and endorsed by the best Physicians in the countries of the world.
For Sale by all Druggists.
Send for Pamphlet and all Wanting Diseases, Address, SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of a Mortgage executed to C. Martin by N. T. Scott, and Elender R. Scott, his wife, and recorded on page 529 in book 117, 2nd vol. of records of Mortgages in the office of the Probate Judge of Calhoun county, I, as agent of C. Martin, will proceed to sell on the 20th day of February 1886, on the premises in said county, for cash, between the legal hours of sale, the following described property to-wit: A part of SW 1/4 of NE 1/4 of Sec. 10, T. 16, R. 7, (10) ten acres more or less, due south of Mary E. Scott's parcel of land. Also two acres in NE 1/4 of SE 1/4, commencing at the NW corner, running south 280 yards, thence east 45 yards. Also 2 cows and one calf white and black, five years old each, and one sorrel horse nine years old named Roddy. Jan 16-18 E. M. KELLY, Agt.

B. G. McCLELEN, County - - - Surveyor.

Alexandria, Ala.

Canary Birds.

An endless variety of these pet singers nicely caged and shipped to any part of the United States, at the following marked prices. Imported. Gorm n. Canaries, \$3.00 per pair; Belgian Imported Long Breed Canaries, \$5.00 per pair, or \$3.00 each. Will ship either male or female as desired. PARROT (with talking abilities, Gray African, \$15.00; Mexican Double Yellow Head, \$20.00; Common Blue Head, \$8.00; Cuban, \$7.50. Safe delivery guaranteed. Give your express office, Address, SOUTHERN BIRD AGENCY, CAREYVILLE, TENN. (Campbell county.)

T. FITZPATRICK, BREEDER OF

PIT CAMES.

Abyssinian and Common Guinea Pigs, PRATTLE DOGS, WHITE AND SPOTTED RATS, AND

Scotch Terriers,

KING OF RAT DOGS.

Send stamp for prices. Box 25 Rome, Ga., or Jacksonville, Fla., next 11.

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T. J. CASON & CO., ANNISTON ALA.

Headquarters for Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals and Dye Stuffs

Tablet Stamps, Toilet Articles, and Novelties; Hair Brushes and Combs; Scales, Oil, Vaseline, Glass and Putty; a full assortment of Stationery and Note Papers, Envelopes; Family Medicines, including the celebrated

Dr. Clark's Pills, Ramon's Relief, & Ramon's Nerve & Bone Oil.

Plaster's Chilli Pills, Plaster's S. R. Vermifuge, and Plaster's Essence of Jamaica. We invite the public to give us a call, for we want you to trade with us, and are determined to make it to your interest to do so. Our stock is complete in every department, and prices as low as the lowest.

Feb 16-18

GRAND RALLY

AT PORTER, MARTIN & CO'S

We have on hand a supply of Groceries, such as Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Pearl Tapioca, Potatoes, Sausage, all kinds of canned goods, pure Apple Vinegar, and a large lot of fine French Candy for the

Girls and Young Ladies.

Apples, Oranges, and many other things that are good to eat, and if you don't believe it come and see for yourself. Also Hardware, Pocket Knives, Scissors, Razors, Saws, Bells, Shovels, Spades, Forks, Plows, Hammers, Traps, Chains, Horse and Mule Shoes, Iron in any shape. Also a good line of Lamps from a small cheap lamp to the celebrated Electric Burner, and all line of

Lamp Fixtures and Wicks.

Also Glassware and Crockery. We will sell several brands of standard Juan this season. Remember our specialty is stock feed. We want to trade of the town and surrounding community and we guarantee satisfaction. We will deliver goods to the amount of \$1 or over to any place in the incorporation. Send us your orders and we will do our best to please you.

Porter, Martin & Co. Brick Store, S. W. Cor. Public Square.

decs

PEERLESS COTTON SEED, EARLY, CLUSTER, PROLIFIC.

Bolls from the ground to the top. Yields Wonderfully. Mature Early. The best cotton for this climate and soil. Sold by

E. W. TEAGUE

Oxford, Ala., Jan. 30-18

J. T. NUNNELLY.

J. J. SKELTON.

NUNNELLY & SKELTON, UNDERTAKERS,

Will keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Coffins, Caskets and Burial Robes &c. Prompt attention will be given to all orders. Place of business East side of public square, Jacksonville, Ala. sept 1917

ROWAN, DEAN & CO., Brick Corner, S. W. Side of Public Square, JACKSONVILLE, - - - - - ALABAMA

Just received and coming by every day's freight the

Largest, Completest and Handsomest

Stock of Goods in our line ever brought to this market. Our entire force have been for some days employed opening these goods and our store-rooms present a most

Charming Appearance.

We keep everything this country needs or will call for. This is one store where you can always find what you want. Advances made to farmers, etc. we also

SELL FOR CASH

and, for the spot money, can give as good or better bargains than any house in North-east Alabama. If you don't believe it call and price our goods.

SPECIAL TO THE LADIES.

The ladies of Calhoun are especially invited to call and examine our stock of Ladies' Jerseys, New Market Coats, Working Jackets, beautiful dresses of every description. These goods were secured by Mr. W. H. DEAN, in New York, specially for this market and we are satisfied will please.

WE OFFER BARGAINS.

JUST RECEIVED.

The fullest, finest and cheapest stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY &c., we have handled.

BARGAINS.

In every line of goods. Stock fresh and of the very latest styles in dry goods department. Highest market price paid for cotton. Don't fail to give us a bid on your cotton.

FINE LOT OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING RECEIVED.

ORDERS TAKEN AND SUITS MADE TO ORDER ON SHORT NOTICE.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

CROW BROS.

Brick Corner, N. E. Side Public Square.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

717-221

The Republican.

OUR CHEAP COLUMN.

Advertisements inserted in this column at a word each insertion. Cash in advance.

To Rent. A one horse wagon and harness. Apply to LARSEN CANNON.

To Rent. I want to rent the Stevenson place two miles from Jacksonville for the ensuing year. Good water, good fences and good soil. Apply to STEVENSON.

Wanted to Buy. A small farm of about 20 acres, with good crops on it, for a place to retire part of the year, for a price something like \$1000, half cash, balance in 12 months. Apply to STEVENSON & GRANT.

Wanted to Sell. A bargain, a farm of 20 acres, with good crops on it, for a price something like \$1000, half cash, balance in 12 months. Apply to STEVENSON & GRANT.

Great Plain. Wanted to sell at a bargain a good dwelling house, almost new, and a lot of fine land, in the growing town of Cross Plains, in the county of Cross Plains & Grant. Apply to STEVENSON & GRANT.

Don't miss. Cheap for cash. Has a comfortable dwelling, two rooms, a bath and a good kitchen, and a lot of fine land, in the growing town of Cross Plains, in the county of Cross Plains & Grant. Apply to STEVENSON & GRANT.

Announcements. The names of the candidates for county officers, five dollars, strictly in advance.

FOR PROBATE JUDGE. We are authorized to announce the name of J. H. CROOK, as a candidate for Probate Judge.

FOR PROBATE JUDGE. We are authorized to announce Hon. A. WOODS as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county.

FOR PROBATE JUDGE. We are authorized to announce Dr. B. S. EVANS as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county.

FOR PROBATE JUDGE. We are authorized to announce JAS. S. FOSTER as a candidate for Probate Judge of Calhoun county.

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PERSONAL.

Col. Robt. McKee, private Secretary of the Governor for the past six years and the foremost newspaper writer in the State if not in the South, was in Jacksonville several days of this week, the guest of Capt. James Crook. He favored the REPUBLICAN with frequent visits while here, and we learned from him that he was perfectly charmed with this delightful country. While up here Col. McKee bought a cottage with thirty-five acres of land attached, in the edge of town, and will move within a few weeks. Col. McKee and family will be a valuable accession to Jacksonville society.

Messrs. G. C. Ellis and R. B. Kelley of the Jacksonville bar attended Supreme Court at Montgomery last week.

Mrs. Walker Reynolds, of Randall, Talladega county, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. James Crook, here this week.

Raymond Vansandt has moved from Goodwater to Jacksonville and will hereafter unite his destiny with the people of Jacksonville.

TEACHERS READING CIRCLE.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., FEB. 26, 1886

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—Please announce through your paper that the next meeting of the Calhoun Teachers' Reading Circle will be held in the college building at Jacksonville on Saturday, March 6th. It is earnestly desired that every white teacher in the county that can possibly attend be present on the occasion. The membership of the Circle is gradually increasing, and the prospect now is that it will become a large and exceedingly useful organization. No live teacher should fail to join. The books prescribed by the state board of directors, for the first year's course of reading, have been received, and are now in my hands for sale. They are all excellent works, admirably adapted to the purpose for which they have been selected. They are sold to members of the Circle at forty per cent less than the usual cost, which makes them very cheap books. Teachers wishing further particulars in regard to the Reading Circle are invited to correspond with me, and I will gladly give any information they may desire.

Respectfully,
J. HARRIS CHAPPELL,
Secy. and Treas'r Teachers' Reading Circle.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, JACKSONVILLE, ALA., Feb. 20, 1886.

At a joint meeting of the Board of Directors of the Faculty of the State Normal School, held this day, the following Resolutions and Resolutions in regard to the death of Miss Sara B. Fouché were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, Almighty God has seen fit in his inscrutable providence to take from us by the hand of Death, our beloved co-worker in the cause of education, Miss Sara B. Fouché, therefore be it

Resolved 1st: That in the death of his noble and gifted young lady we recognize the fact that the cause of education has lost one of its most zealous and efficient workers and our school has suffered a sad calamity.

Resolved 2nd: That to her pupils, who loved her so sincerely and who were now saddened by her death, we tender our sincere sympathy and our highest commendation as worthy of their high commendation, the beautiful example that she set them of fidelity to duty, gentleness of manner, refinement of feeling, and piety of living.

Resolved 3rd: That while we deeply lament that she has been taken from us this untimely, in the early bloom of her bright and promising young womanhood and in the full vigor of her usefulness, we feel the utmost assurance that her loss is her eternal gain, and that her pure and noble life will be a constant inspiration to all who follow her.

Resolved 4th: That a copy of these proceedings be sent to the grief-stricken relatives and friends of the deceased, and that a copy be sent to the Jacksonville Republican for publication in its next issue.

J. HARRIS CHAPPELL,
LE. W. C. ANTON,
J. D. HAMMOND,
Committee.

OBITUARY.

SHOAL CREEK, Ala. Jan. 25, 1886.

Shoal Creek, wife of G. M. Cole, departed this life Nov. 22, 1885, aged 28 years, 2 months and 11 days, after an illness of 2 weeks. She lived a consistent Christian for a number of years in the Missionary Baptist church. She passed through the dark valley of death with hope on the distant shore, where there is no night, where there is no leaving of friends. There seemed to be but one trouble on her mind and that was leaving her children. She left a husband and four children to mourn her loss on earth. Their loss is her eternal gain. She left a babe, aged 2 weeks. We tender our sympathies to the bereaved husband and children that they may be comforted in the knowledge that she has left behind to await the summons to meet her where parting is no more, where the angels sing revealing love to their God and King. On the morning of the 15th of January, 1886, the lovely babe she left behind was called to

meet her. The double loss was a sad trial to the already heart-broken father, brothers and sister. Weep not, for as earth is made poor, heaven is made rich, but be ready to meet them where there will be a happy reuniting of the family on the sunny banks of sweet deliverance, where there will be no more saying the sad word farewell.

None but the saints are fit to die
And leave the walks of men,
To paradise they will fly,
Eternity to spend.

O, God prepare us all to die,
And fill our hearts with love,
Then home to heaven we will fly,
To dwell with thee above.
A FRIEND.

The Montgomery Dispatch, inasmuch as the Governor nor State Inspectors can remove the convicts at the Smith farm near Dadeville, suggests to the Governor to pardon every one of them.

Yesterday about 2 o'clock a colored man named Thomas Stevens found the body of a white man floating in the river, and towed it to the Government street slip. At first it was supposed that this was the body of Mr. Walker, recently lost while on a fishing excursion to Polecat bay, but the relatives of Walker failed to identify the body. Mobile Register of the 17th.

CROW BROS., Jacksonville.

A large lot of Spring shoes just received at Crow Bros., at lower figures than ever offered before. Call and treat yourself to a new pair.

A new lot of men and boys fur and wool hats of the latest styles just received at Crow Bros.

New Spring Clothing at Crow Bros. Call and examine our stock before buying.

Go to Crow Bros. to buy your seed Irish potatoes.

A large lot of twisters, scooters and shovel plows on hand at Crow Bros.

WANTED TO BUY FOR CASH.

A first class single work ox, not over six years old to weigh not less than 1500 pounds. Must be in good order and well broke. Any one having such an ox for sale, and will write to me at Crow Bros., Calhoun county, giving price and full particulars, will hear from me at once. Nothing but a first-class ox wanted. For one that will fill the bill I will give a fair price.
Feb 20-21 T. W. FRANCIS.

Notice to the Public.

My wife, Susan, having left my bed and board without my consent, notice is hereby given that I will not be responsible for any debts she may contract on my account.
Feb 27-28 W. F. WELLS.

Application for Decree to Sell Land.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Special Term Feb. 23rd, 1886.
This day came Samuel Brothers, Administrator of the estate of W. P. Crook deceased, and filed in court his application in writing and under oath praying for an order and decree to sell certain lands of said estate, in said application described, for the payment of the debts of said estate, and that the personal property is insufficient therefor.

It is therefore ordered by the court that the 12th day of April 1886 be and is hereby appointed the day upon which the said application shall be heard, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the public newspapers published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested to be and appear at the office of the Probate Judge in said county on said day of April 12th, 1886, and contest said application, if they think proper.
A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

FINAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County, Special Term Feb. 23rd, 1886.
This day came William M. Hunt, Executor of the estate of Elisha Bryant deceased, and filed in court his account and vouchers for said estate, and prayed for a final settlement thereof.

It is therefore ordered by the court that the 22nd day of March 1886 be and is hereby appointed the day upon which the said account and vouchers shall be heard, and that notice thereof be given for three successive weeks in the public newspapers published in said county, as a notice to all persons interested to be and appear at the office of the Probate Judge in said county on said day of March 22nd, 1886, and contest said settlement, if they think proper.
A. WOODS,
Judge of Probate.

New Family Grocery.

The undersigned has opened, in the brick store room of Judge Walker on the south side of the public square, a full line of

STAPLE

AND

Fancy Groceries,

consisting of Bacon, Flour, Bran, Sugar, Coffee, Macaroni, Canned goods, Confections, Queensware, and a hundred other articles of necessity and luxury, which he designs offering at such reasonable prices as to invite patronage.

Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff.

T. M. Blacking.

A liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

Call and See Me.

may 2-11 F. M. DAVIS.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of a Mortgage executed to C. Martin & Son, by J. M. & P. A. Wilkerson, and recorded on page 35 of book "V" 2nd vol. of records of Mortgages, in the office of the Judge of Probate of Calhoun county, I, as agent of the said C. Martin & Son, will proceed to sell on the 18th day of February 1886, on the premises, for cash, between the legal hours of sale following described real estate to-wit: The 8 1/2 of the S 1/2 of Section 25, T. 15, R. 6, in Calhoun county, containing seventy-nine and 6/100 acres.
may 1-11 P. M. REED, Agt.

A Good Place to Rent.

The undersigned will rent the old Stevenson place, two miles south of Jacksonville, for the year 1886, on good terms. Good house, good stables, splendid water and fine fences. Sixty to seventy acres of first-class land open for cultivation. Apply to Jan 9-31 H. L. STEVENSON.

Mr. Frank Scheidman, Bondurant's Baker certainly understands his business—his bread and cakes can't be beat.

Fifty Thousand Dollars to Loan.

In sums of \$2500 and upwards at better rates than has been heretofore extended by us or by the banks.

For smaller loans old rates prevail. We make no loans outside of Calhoun and Cleburne.

STEVENS & GRANT, Jacksonville, Ala.

Go to R. H. Middleton's for your fresh meats.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bites, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chills, Burns, Combs, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Wm. M. Nisbet, may 2-11.

Bondurant's Bakery is now in full blast and you can count on good bread hence forth.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a card which will cure you of all these troubles. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Dr. J. C. RAN, Station D, New York City. July 15-17.

One Hundred Thousand Dollars To Loan.

In sums of \$500 and upwards, on farm lands in Calhoun and Cleburne. This amount is in addition to the special fund of fifty thousand dollars we have to loan, at exceptionally good rates, in sums of \$2500 and upwards.

Parties applying for loans should bring all deeds in their possession to the lands they propose to mortgage.

STEVENS & GRANT.

Subscribers Notice.

At the special request of many of our subscribers, who have written us that they will settle during court, we extend the time in which our subscriptions can be settled, the next rate three weeks or until the end of court. All who have not paid then will have to settle our subscription accounts at two dollars a year.

ROWAN, DEAN & CO., Jacksonville.

Fresh lot Tennessee Wagons at Rowan, Dean & Co.

Brig and wagon harness at Rowan, Dean & Co.

Cheapest line of hose (from 10 cents up) ever brought to this market at Rowan, Dean & Co's.

JOE B. PATTON, Rome, Ga.

Sash, Doors and Blinds.

Build up your own section by patronizing home industry. Joe B. Patton has the only Sash, Door and Blind Factory in North Ga.

Headquarters for Paints, Oil, Glass, and general Builders supplies. Rome, Ga. Send for prices before purchasing.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

Those suffering with any of the diseases so prevalent in our country, such as Coughs, Colds, Diseases of the Lungs, Pulmonary Consumption in first and second stages, Chills and Fever and Malaria generally, will find valuable remedies in the following medicines kept for sale by F. M. Treadaway, at Four Mile Springs, Calhoun county, Ala., to-wit:

Dr. Dunlop's Cascar Compound.
Dr. Dunlop's King of Pain.
Dr. J. C. Clark's Life Balm.
Dr. Bochnan's Worm Confections.
Dr. Dunlop's Liver Pills.
Dr. J. C. Clark's Family Pills.

Any of the above will be sent to you free by calling at my residence, or by addressing me at Weavers Station, Ala. Prices very reasonable.
F. M. TREADAWAY,
Local Agent.

THE KEYNOTE.

Vol. 10.—1886.

The Leading Illustrated Weekly Review, Devoted to Music, Drama, Literature, Art, Society and Current Events.

THE ABLEST, BRIGHTEST AND MOST INFLUENTIAL JOURNAL OF ITS CLASS IN THE WORLD! CRITICAL! INDEPENDENT! IMPARTIAL! NO HOME SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

JOHN J. KING, FREDERICK ARCHER, Publisher. Editor.

Price 10 cents.

One Year \$4.00. Six Months \$2.00.

It can be ordered from any Book-Seller, Newsdealer, Stationer or Music Dealer. Sent postpaid at above rates. Address THE KEYNOTE, P. O. Box 173, New York City.

B. F. Wilson,

Attorney at Law,

TALLADEGA, ALA.

Will practice in the counties of Talladega, Calhoun and all surrounding counties.

H. B. FEAGAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, ANNISTON, ALA.

Office over Hill, Hardy & Co's store, Noble street.

CALDWELL, HAMES & CALDWELL,

Attorneys at Law, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

J. G. Hudson,

Notary Public & Ex-Officio Justice of THE PEACE.

DeArmanville, Alabama. Courts fourth Saturday in each month. Marriage license for sale. Jan 31.

Jas. S. Kelly,

Notary Public and Ex-Officio JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

At Oxford, Ala. Courts 2nd Saturday in each month. Sept 13-6m

Blacksmith and Woodshop.

Depot St., Jacksonville, Ala.

The undersigned has recently opened up an excellent Blacksmith and Woodshop, supplied with the best of tools and appliances, and is now prepared to do all work in his line Promptly, Cheaply and Well.

Stephen McLean is the Blacksmith, the patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. J. F. BEAL, dealer.

JAMES CROOK, Jacksonville, Ala. S. D. G. BROTHERS, Jacksonville, Ala. CROOK, BROTHERS & WILLETT, Jacksonville and Anniston.

W. C. LAND,

WATCHMAKER,

And Jeweler,

Jacksonville, Alabama.

Will resume the Watch and Jewelry repairing at Old Watch Shop, Good Stock of materials on hand at all times. Agent for the Elgin Watch Co., and agent for the American Cutlery Co.

JAS. HUTCHISON,

HAIR DRESSER AND BARBER,

Jacksonville, Fla.

BAKERY

AND

Confectionery

C. E. Bondurant, Prop'r.

Two loaves constantly on hand fresh bread. Also, all kinds of cakes and confectionery. Goods made from the best of materials, and sold at the lowest prices. Orders will be promptly attended to.

Notice to Tax Payers. TAX ASSESSORS' 2ND ROUND FOR 1886.

I will be at the places on the days mentioned below, for the purpose of assessing the State, County and Poll Taxes for the year 1886, for Calhoun county, State of Alabama. All persons subject to taxation under the law, are earnestly requested to meet me promptly at my appointments on this my SECOND ROUND, with a full list of your property, with its full cash value, and the correct number of your lands in every case, as the law requires.

SECOND ROUND.

Beat 17—DeArmanville, Monday, Feb 15.

Beat 12—Cheechobee, Tuesday, Feb 16.

Beat 12—Davisville, Wednesday, Feb 17.

Beat 10—White Plains, Thursday, Feb 18.

Beat 10—White Town, Friday, Feb 19.

Beat 10—Wilson's Store, Saturday, Feb 20.

Beat 12—Ladiga, Monday, Feb 22.

Beat 12—Cross Plains, Tuesday, Feb 23.

Beat 12—Albany, Thursday, Feb 25.

Beat 12—Green's School House, Friday, Feb 26.

Beat 1—Jacksonville, Saturday and Monday, Feb 27 and March 1.

Beat 12—Oxford, Tuesday and Wednesday, March 2 and 3.

Beat 4—Ganaway's, Thursday, March 4.

Beat 4—Bynum's, Friday, March 5.

Beat 11—Saltpur Springs, Saturday, March 6.

Beat 5—Polkville, Monday, March 8.

Beat 2—Alexandria, Tuesday and Wednesday, March 9 and 10.

Beat 12—

Good fare of goods sold at fair prices. Give me a cent.